



## Overview of Contraceptive and Condom Shipments

*Funded with United States Government Family Planning Funds*

# FY 2022

## Abstract

The *Overview of Contraceptive and Condom Deliveries*, an annual publication, summarizes contraceptive and family planning condom shipments sponsored by USAID, by value and unit.

John Vivalo

USAID Bureau of Global Health, Office of Population and Reproductive Health, Commodities Security and Logistics Division

Tel: 202-916-2165

Alan Bornbusch

USAID Bureau of Global Health, Office of Population and Reproductive Health, Commodities Security and Logistics Division

Tel: 202-916-2159

USAID Office of Population and Reproductive Health/Division of Commodities Security & Logistics  
1300 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20523-3600

# Contents

<b>Acronyms</b>	5
<b>Introduction</b>	6
<b>Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Shipments</b>	7
Exhibit 1. Trends in Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value, FY 2013–22*	7
Exhibit 2. Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value by Region, FY 2022	7
Exhibit 3. Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value by Method, FY 2022	8
Exhibit 4. Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condoms Delivered Value by Region, FY 2020–22	8
Exhibit 5. Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condoms Delivered Value by Method, FY 2020–22	9
Exhibit 6. Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Quantities Delivered by Method, FY 2020–22	9
Exhibit 7. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value by Program Type, Worldwide, FY 2022	10
Exhibit 8. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value Trend by Program Type, Worldwide, FY 2013–22*	10
Exhibit 9. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condoms Delivered Value by Program Type and Method, Worldwide, FY 2022	10
<b>Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Shipments to Africa</b>	11
Exhibit 10. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to Africa, FY 2013–22*	11
Exhibit 11. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value by Method to Africa, FY 2022	11
Exhibit 12. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to Africa, Major Receiving Countries, FY 2022	11
Exhibit 13. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condoms Delivered Value by Program Type to Africa, FY 2022	15
Exhibit 14. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condoms Delivered Value by Program Type to Africa, FY 2013–22*	15
Exhibit 15. Total Value of Contraceptives and FP/RH Condoms Delivered to Africa by Country, FY 2020–22	16
<b>Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Shipments to Asia</b>	17
Exhibit 16. Trends in Contraceptives to Asia, FY 2013– FY 2022	17
Exhibit 17. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to Asia by Method, FY 2022	17
Exhibit 18. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to Asia, by Country, FY 2022	17
Exhibit 19. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to Asia, by Program Type, FY 2013–22*	18
Exhibit 20. Total Value of Contraceptives and FP/RH Condoms Delivered to Asia, by Country, FY 2020–22	18
<b>Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Shipments to Latin America and the Caribbean</b>	19
Exhibit 21. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to LAC, FY 2013–22*	19

Exhibit 22. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to LAC, by Method, FY 2022	19
Exhibit 23. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to LAC, by Program Type, FY 2013–22*	19
Exhibit 24. Total Value of Contraceptives and FP/RH Condoms Delivered to LAC, by Country, FY 2020–22	20
<b>Worldwide Injectable Contraceptive Shipments</b>	<b>21</b>
Exhibit 25. Trends in Worldwide Injectable Contraceptive Delivered Quantities, FY 2013–22*	21
Exhibit 26. Injectable Contraceptive Delivered Value by Region, FY 2022	21
Exhibit 27. Different kinds of Injectable Contraceptives Delivered in FY 2022	22
Exhibit 28. Injectable Contraceptive Delivered Value Worldwide, Top Five Receiving Countries, FY 2022	22
Exhibit 29. Injectable Contraceptives Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22	23
Exhibit 30. MPA-IM Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22	24
Exhibit 31. MPA-SC Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22	25
Exhibit 32. Net-EN Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22	26
<b>Worldwide Contraceptive Implant Shipments</b>	<b>27</b>
Exhibit 33. Trends in Worldwide Contraceptive Implant Delivered Quantities, FY 2013–22*	27
Exhibit 34. Contraceptive Implant Delivered Value by region, FY 2022	27
Exhibit 35. Contraceptive Implant Delivered Value Worldwide, Top Five Receiving Countries, FY 2022	27
Exhibit 37. Contraceptive Implant Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22	28
Exhibit 38. Two-rod Implant Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22	29
Exhibit 39. One-rod Implant Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22	30
<b>Worldwide Oral Contraceptive Shipments</b>	<b>31</b>
Exhibit 40. Trends in Worldwide Oral Contraceptive Delivered Quantities, FY 2013–22*	31
Exhibit 41. Oral Contraceptive Delivered Value by Region, FY 2022	31
Exhibit 43. Types of Oral Contraceptive Delivered, FY 2022	32
Exhibit 44. Oral Contraceptive Values and Quantities Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22	32
Exhibit 45. Combined Oral Contraceptives with Iron Placebo Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22	33
Exhibit 46. Combined Oral Contraceptives with Non-Iron Placebo Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22	34
Exhibit 47. Progestin-only Pill Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22	35
Exhibit 48. Emergency Oral Contraceptive Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22	36
<b>Worldwide Male Condom Shipments</b>	<b>37</b>
Exhibit 49. Trends in Worldwide Male Condom Delivered Quantities, FY 2013–22*	37
Exhibit 50. Male Condom Delivered Value by Region, FY 2022	37

Exhibit 51. Male Condom Delivered Value Worldwide by Receiving Countries, FY 2022	37
Exhibit 52. Male Condom Quantities and Delivered Value Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22	38
<b>Worldwide Female Condom Shipments</b>	<b>39</b>
Exhibit 53. Trends in Worldwide Female Condom Quantities, FY 2013–22*	39
Exhibit 54. Female Condoms Delivered Value by Country, FY 2022	39
<b>Worldwide Intrauterine Device Shipments</b>	<b>40</b>
Exhibit 55. Trends in Worldwide Intrauterine Device Quantities, FY 2013–22*	40
Exhibit 56. Intrauterine Device Delivered Value by Country, FY 2022	40
Exhibit 57. Intrauterine Devices by Type, FY 2022	40
Exhibit 58. Intrauterine Device Quantities and Value delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22	41
<b>Worldwide Standard Days Method Shipments</b>	<b>42</b>
Exhibit 59. Standard Days Method Delivered Value Worldwide by Country, FY 2022	42
Exhibit 60. Standard Days Method Quantities and Values Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22	42
<b>Summary</b>	<b>43</b>
<b>Annex A. Worldwide Contraceptives and FP/RH Condoms Delivered by Region and Method, FY 2022</b>	<b>44</b>
<b>Annex B. Value of Contraceptives and FP/RH Condoms Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 22</b>	<b>45</b>
<b>Annex C. Quantity of Contraceptives and FP/RH Condoms Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 22</b>	<b>46</b>
<b>Annex D. Value of Contraceptive and Condom Shipments by Program Type, by Region, FY 2022</b>	<b>47</b>

# Acronyms

ABMS	L'Association Béninoise pour le Marketing Social et la Communication pour la Santé
COC	Combined oral contraceptive
DRC	Democratic Republic of the Congo
MPA-IM	Medroxyprogesterone acetate intramuscular
MPA-SC	Medroxyprogesterone acetate subcutaneous
FP	Family planning
FY	Fiscal year
IUD	Intrauterine copper device
LAC	Latin America and the Caribbean
LARC	Long-acting reversible contraception
LMIC	Low- and middle-income country
Net-EN	Norethisterone enanthate
NGO	Nongovernmental organization
OC	Oral contraceptive
OHA	Office of HIV and AIDS
OPRH	Office of Population and Reproductive Health
PEPFAR	U.S. President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief
RH	Reproductive health
SMO	Social marketing organization
TFHO	Total Family Health Organization (Ghana)
UNFPA	United Nations Population Fund
USAID	U.S. Agency for International Development
VAN	Global Family Planning Visibility and Analytics Network
WAHO	West African Health Organization

# Introduction

The U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) has provided commodities for family planning and reproductive health (FP/RH) activities since the mid-1960s. Thanks to family programs supported by USAID and other international donors, the use of contraceptives and condoms has increased in most parts of the world.

In fiscal year (FY) 2022, USAID provided FP/RH commodities through missions to 24 countries in Africa, Asia, and Latin America and the Caribbean (LAC). As in previous years, no shipments were made in FY 2022 to Europe, Eurasia, or the Middle East.

This report summarizes the FY 2022 delivered quantities and value of contraceptives and FP-funded condoms supported by USAID. It includes detailed information on methods and regions along with a global picture of USAID donations and provides information on trends over the past 10 years. The report is organized into three sections: worldwide overview, USAID regions, and commodity types.

In 1990, USAID created a centralized system to support global efforts in providing contraceptives: the Central Contraceptive Procurement Project. The Commodity Security and Logistics division of USAID's Office of Population and Reproductive Health (OPRH) administers the system by providing technical leadership, ensuring quality commodities are available for use, improving supply chain and logistics management in lower and middle income countries, and maintaining a database for USAID commodity assistance. Missions determine the quantity and type of contraceptives needed for their FP/RH programs and place orders with the designated USAID supply chain procurement contractor.

This document reports on commodities that were delivered in FY 2022. Editions of this report before FY 2018 focused on commodities that had been

shipped to countries as opposed to those that were delivered to countries. With increased accessibility of data, reporting of delivered commodities is now possible. For more details on USAID's change in reporting methodology, see the *FY 2018 Overview of Contraceptive and Condom Shipments*.

A note on condom data: only condoms procured with FP funds from FY 2017 onward are included, as management of condom procurement for global health programs shifted from OPRH to the Office of HIV/AIDS (OHA) in 2017. Condoms delivered through the U.S. President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR) funding are not reported here. The overall U.S. Government investment in condoms has not decreased, and additional information can be found in the *FY 2022 Comprehensive Agency Report on Condoms and Lubricants*.

Please be advised that findings for the Comprehensive Agency Report on Condoms and Lubricants are not comparable as to time frame. The Contraceptives and Condoms Report is based on FP commodities that are delivered within a fiscal year (Oct. 1–Sept. 30) while the Comprehensive Condoms Report, which reports on condoms and lubricants procured by USAID Missions, uses data from when the order is issued and approved.

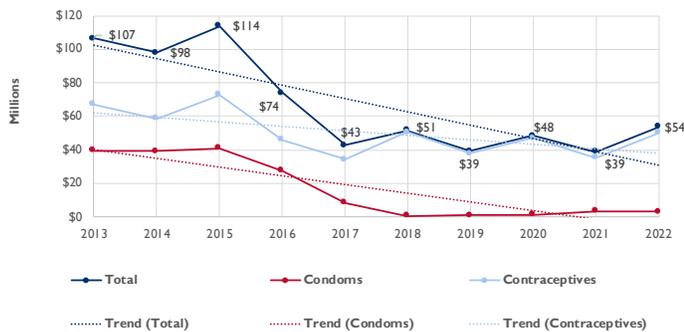
# Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Shipments

This section summarizes the delivered value and quantities for all contraceptives and condoms delivered in FY 2022 globally. The worldwide delivered value by region is discussed, followed by the delivered value and quantities by method and program type.

The total value of contraceptives and condoms delivered in FY 2022 increased to \$53.6 million (see Exhibit 1), a 37 percent increase over the delivered value in FY 2021. Additional funding was made available by USAID in FY 2022 based on gaps identified by the Consensus Planning Group.

As Exhibit 1 illustrates, delivered value has been rising and falling since FY 2017, following two years of decline in FY 2015 and FY 2016.

**Exhibit 1. Trends in Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value, FY 2013–22\***



## Regions

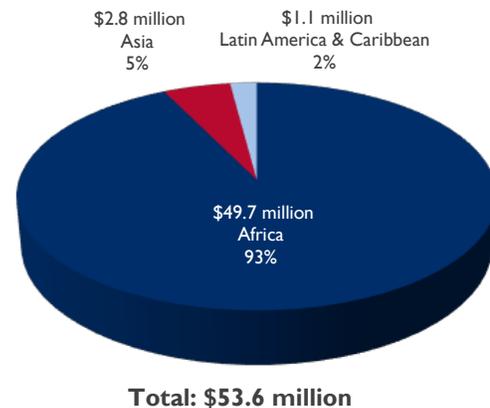
As in previous years, in FY 2022, Africa accounted for the largest amount of delivered value for contraceptives and condoms, at 93 percent, followed by Asia (5 percent) and LAC (2 percent) (see Exhibit 2).

The most recent shipment to Europe and Eurasia was made in FY 2015, and the most recent shipment to the Middle East region was made in FY 2019.

The global increase in delivered value of 37 percent took place exclusively in Africa. Shipments to Africa increased 54 percent in value from \$32.3 million in FY 2021 to \$49.7 million in FY 2022, the highest since 2017. Shipments to LAC decreased by 27 percent in value, and shipments to Asia decreased deeply by 46 percent (see Exhibit 4).

The number of countries receiving shipments increased from 17 in Africa in FY 2021 to 21 in FY 2022, while the number of receiving countries dropped from three to two in Asia and remained constant in LAC, with only one country, Haiti, receiving commodities (see Annexes B and C).

**Exhibit 2. Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value by Region, FY 2022**



## Methods

The quantity and value of commodities delivered increased for each of the methods in FY 2022, except for male and female condoms. Injectables and implants combined made up the majority of delivered value at 75 percent (see Exhibit 3).

This year, injectables made up the highest value commodity delivered, with \$22.1 million delivered – 41 percent of the total deliveries – and were also the highest value method delivered in each of the three regions (see Annex A). In FY 2022 three varieties of

injectables were delivered: a subcutaneous product (MPA-SC), an intramuscular product (MPA-IM) and norethisterone enanthate (Net-EN), a two monthly injectable contraceptive containing a synthetic hormonal progestogen, an older formulation still in use in some countries.

Implants made up 34 percent of the value of deliveries globally and were delivered in all three regions. The total value of implants delivered was nearly \$18 million and included two kinds of implants: a one-rod implant and a two-rod implant.

Oral contraceptives again made up the third highest value commodity at 18 percent and were delivered to Africa and LAC. Four different types of oral contraceptive pills were supplied: two combination formulations, one with iron and one without, along with a progestin-only pill and levonorgestrel emergency contraceptive pills.

Male and female condoms, IUDs and Standard Days Method made up the remaining 7 percent. Male condoms made up 5 percent of total orders while female condoms made up 1 percent, and the other two commodities made up less than 1 percent each.

IUDs were only delivered to Africa in FY 2022, while in FY 2021 they were delivered to all three regions. For the first time, two IUDs were delivered: a levonorgestrel-releasing IUD was added to the methods offered, alongside the Copper-Bearing IUD. Still, IUDs made up less than 1 percent of the value of the products delivered.

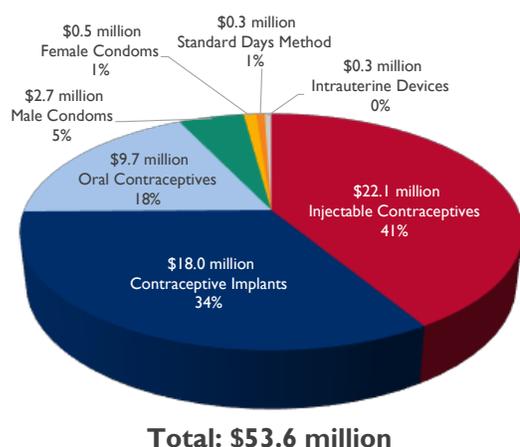
The mix of methods shipped to each region varied considerably, as is detailed in the regional sections of this report below. The Africa region received all the

categories of contraceptives shipped, while Asia received only implants, injectables, and male condoms and LAC received only implants, injectables, and oral contraceptives.

For more on the delivered value shipped to each region, by method see Annex A. For details on deliveries to each country, see Annexes B and C.

Exhibits 5 and 6 show the delivered value and the delivered quantity of each commodity in FY 2022, illustrating the point that value and quantity do not always correlate, due to changes in price of commodities from year to year. For instance, while the *value* of oral contraceptives delivered increased by 34 percent, the *quantity* delivered increased by 15 percent. Conversely, while the *value* of male condoms delivered decreased by 9 percent, the *quantity* delivered decreased by 21 percent.

**Exhibit 3. Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value by Method, FY 2022**



**Exhibit 4. Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condoms Delivered Value by Region, FY 2020–22**

Region	FY 2020 (\$)	FY 2021 (\$)	FY 2022 (\$)	Percent Change FY 21–22 (%)
Africa	42,196,225	32,320,960	49,713,143	54%
Asia	4,413,758	5,196,960	2,802,445	-46%
LAC	1,885,319	1,518,365	1,103,398	-27%
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$48,495,301</b>	<b>\$39,036,174</b>	<b>\$53,618,986</b>	<b>37%</b>

Exhibit 5. Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condoms Delivered Value by Method, FY 2020–22

Commodity	FY 2020 (\$)	FY 2021 (\$)	FY 2022 (\$)	Percent Change FY 21–22 (%)
Injectable Contraceptive	20,051,832	15,396,352	22,132,398	44%
Contraceptive Implant	18,445,774	12,570,753	17,972,542	43%
IUD	73,830	173,399	265,322	53%
Male Condom	1,488,396	2,967,878	2,697,431	-9%
Oral Contraceptive	7,906,491	7,219,060	9,681,105	34%
Standard Days Method	499,304	23,298	345,003	1381%
Female Condom	29,674	685,434	525,185	-23%
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$48,495,301</b>	<b>\$39,036,174</b>	<b>\$53,618,986</b>	<b>37%</b>

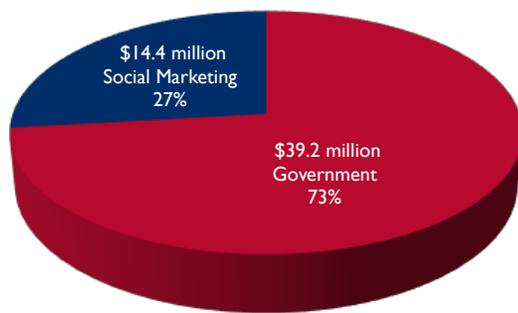
Exhibit 6. Worldwide Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Quantities Delivered by Method, FY 2020–22

Commodity	FY 2020 (\$)	FY 2021 (\$)	FY 2022 (\$)	Percent Change FY 21–22 (%)
Injectable Contraceptive	23,182,900	18,821,800	25,837,500	37%
Contraceptive Implant	2,110,376	1,454,669	1,968,416	35%
IUD	172,800	216,300	334,230	55%
Male Condom	46,767,000	82,897,200	65,543,400	-21%
Oral Contraceptive	26,964,756	22,148,800	25,447,536	15%
Standard Days Method	277,750	6,500	167,250	2473%
Female Condom	48,000	1,175,000	863,220	-27%

## Program

Government programs received 73 percent of worldwide contraceptive and FP/RH condom delivered value in FY 2022 (see Exhibit 7). Social marketing organizations (SMOs) received the remaining 27 percent. Once again, non-governmental organizations (NGOs) and research programs did not receive any shipments. For the delivered value shipped to each region by program type, see Annex D.

**Exhibit 7. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value by Program Type, Worldwide, FY 2022**



**Total: \$53.6 million**

The delivered value received by both government and social marketing programs increased in FY 2022 compared to FY 2021 (see Exhibit 8).

Exhibit 9 supplements Exhibit 7 by providing the disaggregated delivered value by method for each program type. It shows, for instance, that SMOs received a smaller proportion of implants, injectables, IUDs, OCs, and female condoms, but a higher proportion of male condoms and Standard Days Method (for which SMOs received considerably more than half of the delivered value).

**Exhibit 8. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value Trend by Program Type, Worldwide, FY 2013–22\***



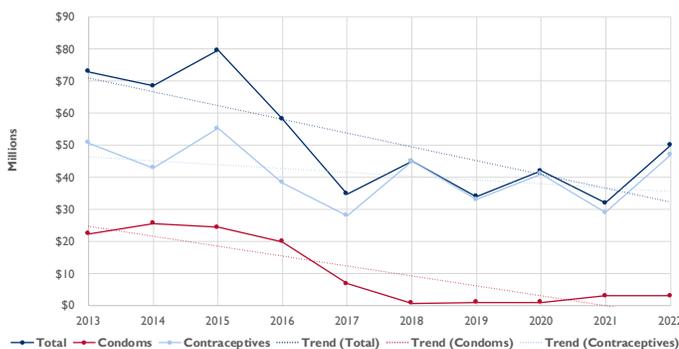
**Exhibit 9. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condoms Delivered Value by Program Type and Method, Worldwide, FY 2022**

Program Type	Contraceptive Implants	Injectable Contraceptives	Intrauterine Devices	Male Condoms	Oral Contraceptives	Standard Days Method	Female Condoms	Total
Government	\$17,551,893	\$15,463,461	\$260,984	\$4,289,070	\$338,158	\$868,299	\$459,477	\$39,231,342
SMO	\$420,649	\$6,668,936	\$4,339	\$5,392,035	\$6,845	\$1,829,132	\$65,709	\$14,387,644
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$17,972,542</b>	<b>\$22,132,398</b>	<b>\$265,322</b>	<b>\$9,681,105</b>	<b>\$345,003</b>	<b>\$2,697,431</b>	<b>\$525,185</b>	<b>\$53,618,986</b>

# Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Shipments to Africa

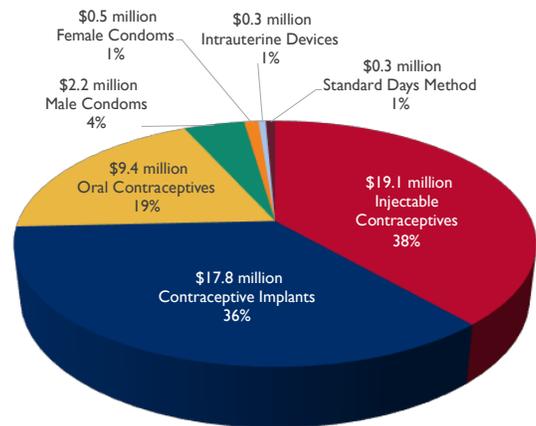
As in previous years, in FY 2022, Africa as a region was the largest recipient of deliveries of contraceptives and FP/RH condoms from USAID compared to Asia and LAC, receiving 93 percent of the total amount donated (see Exhibit 2, above). The value of deliveries to Africa in FY 2022 totaled \$49.7 million, up from \$32.3 million in FY 2021, and even higher than FY 2020's value of \$42.2 million. Exhibit 10 shows the changing value of deliveries to Africa over the past 10 years, with the highest value of deliveries taking place in FY 2015.

**Exhibit 10. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to Africa, FY 2013–22\***



Injectables and implants accounted for close to equal delivered value at 38 and 36 percent respectively, a small change from last year when implants accounted for the largest delivered value. Oral contraceptives made up 19 percent. The remaining 7 percent is shared by male condoms (4 percent), female condoms, IUDs, and Standard Days Method (all 1 percent) (see Exhibit 11).

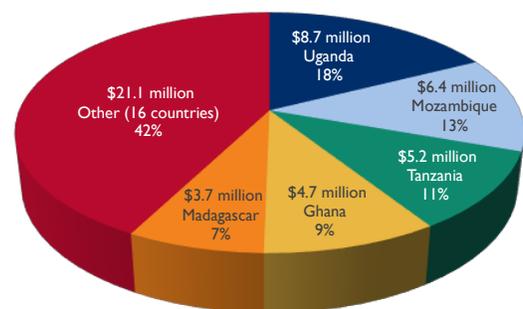
**Exhibit 11. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value by Method to Africa, FY 2022**



**Total: \$49.7 million**

The top five receiving countries in FY 2022 were Uganda (18 percent), Mozambique (13 percent), Tanzania (11 percent), Ghana (9 percent) and Madagascar (7 percent) (see Exhibit 12).

**Exhibit 12. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to Africa, Major Receiving Countries, FY 2022**



**Total: \$49.7 million**

For the sixth year in a row, Uganda was the top receiving country. Uganda received more funding

from USAID for these commodities in FY 2022, partially to make up for delays in United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA) shipments.

Compared to FY 2021, Ghana and Madagascar replaced Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) and Mali as the fourth and fifth highest receiving countries. The remaining 15 countries received 42 percent of the total value of deliveries.

The number of African countries receiving contraceptive and condom deliveries increased to 21, from 17 in FY 2021. All 17 countries that received shipments last year received them again, and four additional countries received deliveries in FY 2022 after not receiving them in FY 2021 (see Exhibit 15). The four additional countries were Cote d'Ivoire, Kenya, Niger, and Nigeria.

Cote d'Ivoire received injectables, implants and OCs in FY 2022, for the first time in 5 years. In FY 2019 – 2021, the USAID mission in Cote d'Ivoire did not have funding for family planning commodities, but in FY 2022 USAID started a dialogue with the Programme National de Sante Mere Enfant (PNSME) to determine the country's needs and offer support.

Kenya, which received \$2.8 million worth of deliveries (only implants), had not received these commodities from USAID since 2018.

Niger had not received deliveries supported by USAID since 2019, but during the FY 2020 funding process, Niger was allocated funds for FP commodities, and GHSC-PSM was notified of the availability of funds in November 2021. GHSC-PSM received the funds in FY 2022 and delivered the commodities, although they came from the FY 2020 budget. The amount of funding identified was based on an analysis that USAID conducted of country forecasts and supply plans.

Nigeria has been a particularly large recipient of contraceptive commodities in the past, appearing in the top five receiving countries in FY 2018-2020. In FY 2021, however, Nigeria received no FP commodities from USAID. A delivery was made in FY 2022, but it was significantly smaller than in earlier years. Since FY 2019, the country has been relying largely on funds from the Government of Nigeria (GoN) and UNFPA for these commodities, and, to a lesser extent, from the UK's

Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Office and Global Affairs Canada. While Nigeria's family planning needs have increased rapidly in the past six years, GoN and donor commitments have not kept up with demand due to the increasing funding requirement and widening gap in meeting the needs for FP procurements. The FP funding requirement has steadily increased from \$19.6 million in 2016 to \$35.6 million in 2022. The most recent three-year forecast in fact revealed a funding gap of over \$47.8 million. To help bridge the gap, in March 2022, UNFPA in partnership with USAID, supported Nigeria's Federal Ministry of Health to develop and launch the "National Guidelines for State-funded Procurement of Family Planning Commodities." The aim is for states to provide additional funding from their own budgets to procure these commodities. Since the roll-out for the guidelines in March 2022, USAID supported the states of Bauchi, Ebonyi, Kebbi, and Sokoto to develop state specific family planning commodity forecasts for 2022-2024. These forecasts were completed in April 2022 and USAID supported the efforts from each state to include family planning commodity procurement in their 2023 budgets. At this time, three of the four states have made this inclusion, and it remains to be seen if the funds will be released. USAID is also working with these states to identify a transparent financial management mechanism such as a Drug Revolving Fund.

Ten countries received increases in the value of deliveries in FY 2022: Benin, Ghana, Madagascar, Malawi, Mozambique, Rwanda, Senegal, Tanzania, Togo, and Uganda.

Benin received a substantial increase in the value of delivered commodities of 213 percent. The increase relates to a change in program focus; in FY 2021 and earlier, USAID/Benin only supported the Ministry of Health's Population and Reproductive Health Division through the local SMO, ABMS by procuring OCs, Standard Days Method, and condoms. In FY 2022, USAID started supporting the public sector due to constraints in the procurements from UNFPA which has been the main supplier of these commodities to the West African Health Organization (WAHO). There was a high risk of stock-outs of a number of commodities including injectables and implants. The Ministry of Health is implementing strategies to

improve access to long-acting reversible contraception (LARCs), with implants playing a central role. This resulted in increased demand for these methods and large deliveries of implants as well as injectables.

At the same time, the delivery of OCs was delayed by the need to adapt to new USAID guidance recommending the use of combined oral contraceptives (COCs) with non-ferrous placebos. Deliveries of COCs as well as progestin-only pills are expected in FY 2023.

Ghana's delivery increased by 110 percent since FY 2021, the highest value delivered to this country since 2018. Ghana received more OCs than any other country. The reason for this, other than demand, was that the transition from iron based COCs to non-iron placebo which involved procuring stock to last while the new product went through the registration process. Most of the OCs received in FY 2022 were provided to Total Family Health Organization (TFHO), a social marketing organization, with projected monthly consumption of 700,000 cycles. Condoms were delivered to Ghana in FY 2022 after not being delivered in FY 2021, because TFHO launched a new branded condom, Ebony, into the Ghanaian market. In addition, the delivery of injectables to Ghana increased by 53 percent, after being low in FY 2021. A large order of MPA-IM was delivered in FY 2020 because of the need to re-register the product in country, due to an active pharmaceutical ingredient (API) variation.

Conversely, Ghana received no implants from USAID in FY 2022 after receiving them in both FY 2021 and FY 2020. This year, other partners such as WAHO and UNFPA procured implants for Ghana.

The value of commodity deliveries to Madagascar increased by 90 percent, making it the fifth highest recipient in the world. The increase was in response to a severe stockouts of FP products experienced for some time. UNFPA decreased its contribution since 2020 and the Government of Madagascar has not been procuring these commodities. USAID donated commodities to Madagascar's Ministry of Public Health.

The method mix in Madagascar changed significantly over the last few years due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The use of OCs has decreased, as reflected in household surveys, and the uptake of injectables and implants increased significantly. Long-acting reversible

contraceptives (LARCs) have become increasingly popular and USAID implementing partners and other NGOs are conducting outreach to provide services to women around the country.

With an increase of 138 percent, Malawi's value of deliveries more than doubled from last year and increased almost as much from FY 2020 to FY 2021. Part of this increase can be explained by rising freight costs; additionally, a large order of injectables that was expected to arrive in FY 2021 did not in fact arrive until FY 2022, inflating the deliveries to Malawi this year.

Mozambique received the second highest value of donations after Uganda, an increase from FY 2021. There were a number of reasons for the overall increase: scale up of family planning activities, a "catch-up" in family planning provision after a decrease during the COVID-19 pandemic, less participation of UNFPA, and a decision by the government to increase focus on long-acting methods to limit the number of visits to health care facilities (as a strategy to reduce COVID-19 risk). Long-term methods were seen as critical during the pandemic. Additionally, Mozambique was affected by shortages of injectables in the FY 2020-21 period, which also led to increasing investment in long-term methods, specifically implants and IUDs.

Rwanda received a modest increase in the value of donations, with the majority of their orders being focused on male condoms and injectable contraceptives, followed by contraceptive implants and a small order of IUDs. The delivery of IUDs marks the first-time hormonal IUDs were delivered by the project, a key step in expanding access to hormonal IUDs in lower- and middle-income countries (LMICs).

Senegal received an increase in deliveries because UNFPA funding was not received on time. In addition, despite advocacy within Senegal to encourage the government to increase domestic financing for FP supplies, the national medical store was unable to order many products due to insufficient budget. Also, in a few cases bids were not received for certain products. Donors and partners continue to advocate for an increase in national spending on contraceptive products.

Tanzania received a 20 percent increase in delivered commodities, following receipt of additional USAID funding.

Togo received a 134 percent increase in deliveries from USAID largely in response to shortfalls from the Government of Togo and UNFPA. A commodity gap analysis identified that the contribution from these two sources decreased from \$1,730,462 to \$757,992. USAID funds were used to fill the commodity gap and place an emergency order for injectables following the delay of an expected shipment from WAHO. Both MPA-IM and MPA-SC were procured.

Uganda, which received the largest proportion of donated commodities, at 18 percent of the global total, also had an increase in total value from \$6.01 million in FY 2021 to \$8.7 million (an increase of 45 percent) in FY 2022. Uganda received more funding from USAID for commodities and placed more orders to USAID due to some delays with UNFPA shipments. Uganda received the largest donation of contraceptive implants and injectables of any country (\$4.07 million and \$4.41 million, respectively) as well as a small donation of Standard Days Method. The uptake of OCs is declining in Uganda as more women are choosing long-acting methods; therefore, OCs were not delivered to Uganda. After an overstock of IUDs in FY 2021, Uganda did not receive any IUDs in FY 2022 (See Annex C).

*Decreases* in value of shipments occurred in Angola, Burkina Faso, Burundi, DRC, Liberia, Mali, and Zambia.

Angola's overall shipments decreased due to a change in the forecasting method used. The most recent forecast used client numbers and actual consumption of commodities, while in the past demographic estimates were used.

The value of shipments to Burkina Faso decreased in FY 2022 due sufficient stock of male condoms and Standard Days Methods after receiving deliveries in FY 2021. In FY 2022, the country placed an order for MPA-SC but the deliveries will be made in Q1 of FY 2023. USAID funded partners are working with FP programs in country to expand the use of self-injection of MPA-SC at the community level.

In Burundi, where UNFPA provides the majority of contraceptives, USAID's delivery decreased by 11

percent after an increase in FY 2021 in response to a gap identified by the Burundi Ministry of Health.

DRC's deliveries decreased in value by 19 percent, with decreases specifically of implants, OCs, and male condoms. For OCs, a large delivery in FY 2021 reduced the need for replenishment in FY 2022. At the same time, deliveries of injectables and IUDs increased. This was partially because USAID increased the buffer stock and delivered FP commodities to three new provinces, Kinshasa, Nord Kivu, and Iturie.

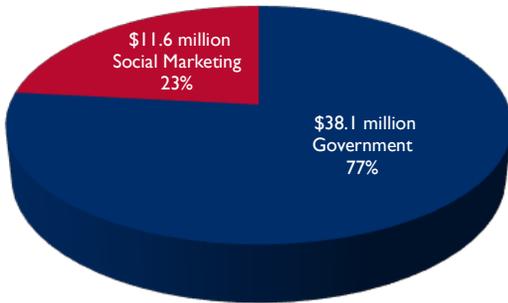
In Liberia, the value of FP products fell by 63 percent, the second year in a row the deliveries were substantially lower. Large stocks were available centrally and at service delivery points, as evidenced in a December 2022 stock status report. Additionally, from the 2022 FP/MNCH quantification conducted by the Ministry of Health and partners, the WAHO also reaffirmed its commitment for funding to the Government of Liberia for procurement of contraceptives. Condoms were not delivered in FY 2022 after analysis revealed that male condoms are above the maximum stock level at both the central Medical Stores and at service delivery points. In fact, the November 2022 calculation of months of stock available was 19.3.

Guinea has not received any shipments for two years as USAID support in this country focuses on technical assistance rather than commodity procurement.

## **Program**

The proportion of value delivered to government programs in Africa was 77 percent, almost identical to the proportion in FY 2021 of 76 percent (down from 85 percent in FY 2020). The remaining proportion (23 percent) was provided to SMOs. While the proportion is virtually the same, the value of shipments for both sectors increased, from \$24.6 million in FY 2021 to \$38.1 million in FY 2022 for government programs, and a similar increase to SMOs, from \$7.7 million delivered in FY 2021 to \$11.6 million delivered in FY 2022. NGOs have not received shipments in FY 2020, (see Exhibit 13 and Exhibit 14).

Exhibit 13. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condoms Delivered Value by Program Type to Africa, FY 2022



**Total: \$49.7 million**

Exhibit 14. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condoms Delivered Value by Program Type to Africa, FY 2013–22\*

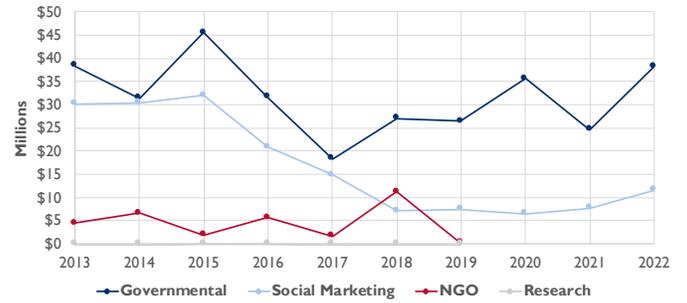


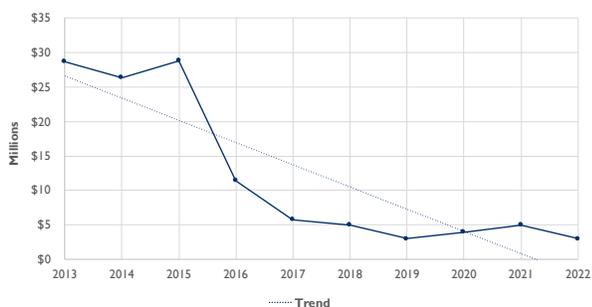
Exhibit 15. Total Value of Contraceptives and FP/RH Condoms Delivered to Africa by Country, FY 2020–22

Country	FY 2020 (\$)	FY 2021 (\$)	FY 2022 (\$)	Percentage Change FY 21–22 (%)
Angola	1,300,534	991,439	745,454	-25%
Benin	137,534	283,038	884,622	213%
Burkina Faso	160,047	969,205	586,839	-39%
Burundi	480,402	581,236	516,149	-11%
Cote d'Ivoire	0	0	232,651	-
DRC	2,091,851	2,623,713	2,122,159	-19%
Ethiopia	36,826	0	0	-
Ghana	3,119,826	2,225,309	4,677,302	110%
Guinea	83,798	0	0	-
Kenya	0	0	2,829,112	-
Liberia	1,299,417	456,792	168,648	-63%
Madagascar	4,173,023	1,917,149	3,651,598	90%
Malawi	658,125	1,047,477	2,490,544	138%
Mali	631,220	2,288,352	2,080,250	-9%
Mozambique	5,330,251	3,401,223	6,367,847	87%
Niger	0	0	696,999	-
Nigeria	4,024,112	0	931,933	-
Rwanda	1,948,730	2,128,474	2,669,099	25%
Senegal	3,315,205	1,283,548	2,346,467	83%
Tanzania	3,666,996	4,334,425	5,220,485	20%
Togo	22,464	273,547	640,861	134%
Uganda	7,686,185	6,017,201	8,740,170	45%
Zambia	2,029,679	1,498,834	1,113,953	-26%
<b>Total Africa</b>	<b>\$42,196,225</b>	<b>\$32,320,960</b>	<b>\$49,713,143</b>	<b>54%</b>

# Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Shipments to Asia

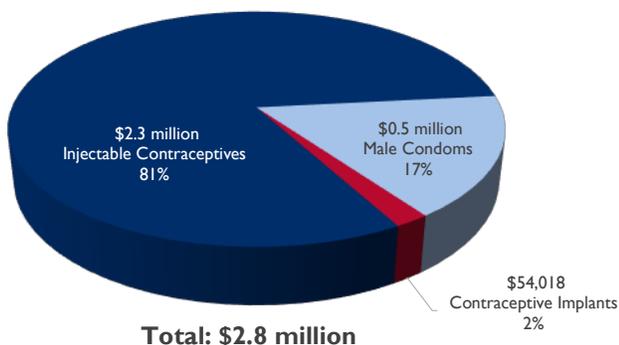
The total contraceptive and condom delivered value to Asia in FY 2022 was \$2.8 million, a decrease of 46 percent (see Exhibit 16). As the graph below shows, deliveries to Asia also declined significantly from 2015 to 2017.

**Exhibit 16. Trends in Contraceptives to Asia, FY 2013– FY 2022**



Injectable contraceptives continue to represent the largest proportion of delivered value, at 81 percent, (see Exhibit 17).

**Exhibit 17. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to Asia by Method, FY 2022**

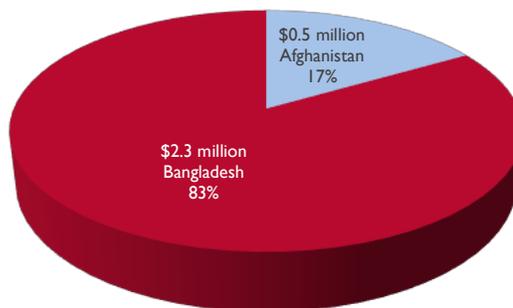


Male condoms made up 17 percent of the delivered value while contraceptive implants at 2 percent made up the rest of the delivered value. Female condoms,

IUDs, and the Standard Days Method were not delivered to Asia in FY 2022.

This year, only two countries received deliveries: Afghanistan and Bangladesh (see Exhibit 18). Nepal did not receive any donated family planning commodities from USAID in FY 2022 after receiving donations for several years, accounting for almost all the decrease in delivered value to Asia. Bangladesh was again the largest recipient of delivered value of contraceptives to Asia in FY 2022, receiving 83 percent of the delivered value while Afghanistan received 17 percent of the delivered value to the region.

**Exhibit 18. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to Asia, by Country, FY 2022**



**Total: \$2.8 million**

Commodity funding for Nepal did not arrive until late in FY 2022, so orders will be delivered in FY 2023.

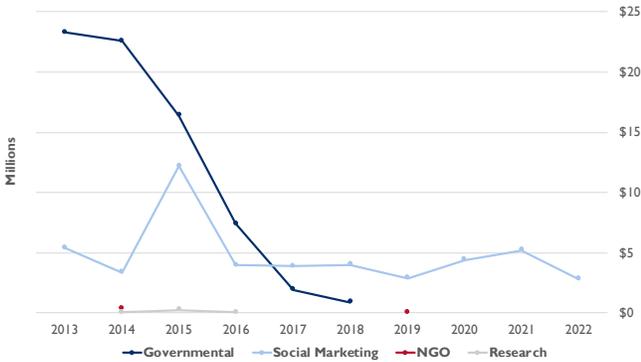
The value of shipments to Bangladesh decreased slightly from FY 2021 to FY 2022. The majority of the commodities shipped to Bangladesh were injectables, worth \$2,281,513, as well as a smaller number of implants worth \$54,018.

Afghanistan received a large increase in donations, but due to the political situation there, USAID does not deliver to the government, only to SMOs. To

date deliveries have been made in coordination with the Sustaining Health Outcomes in the Private Sector (SHOPS) Plus project.

As it has since FY 2018, the SMO sector in Asia received all commodities delivered by USAID in FY 2022 (see Exhibit 19).

**Exhibit 19. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to Asia, by Program Type, FY 2013–22\***



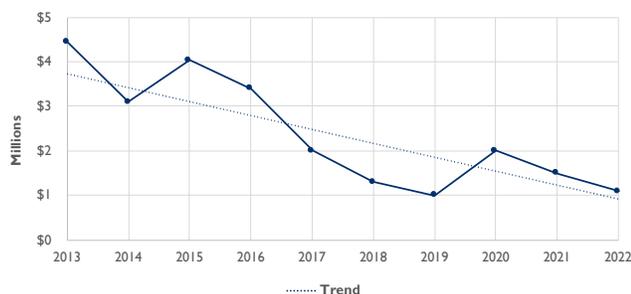
**Exhibit 20. Total Value of Contraceptives and FP/RH Condoms Delivered to Asia, by Country, FY 2020–22**

Country	FY 2020 (\$)	FY 2021 (\$)	FY 2022 (\$)	Percentage Change FY 21–22 (%)
Afghanistan	\$836,363	\$272,306	\$466,914	71%
Bangladesh	\$3,475,041	\$2,612,699	\$2,335,530	-11%
Nepal	\$102,354	\$2,311,844	0	-100%
<b>Total Asia</b>	<b>\$4,413,758</b>	<b>\$5,196,849</b>	<b>\$2,802,445</b>	<b>-46%</b>

# Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Shipments to Latin America and the Caribbean

The total delivered value for LAC was \$1.1 million in FY 2022 (see Exhibit 21), down from \$1.5 in FY 2021, a reduction of 27 percent. Haiti was again the only USAID-supported LAC country in FY 2022.

**Exhibit 21. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to LAC, FY 2013–22\***

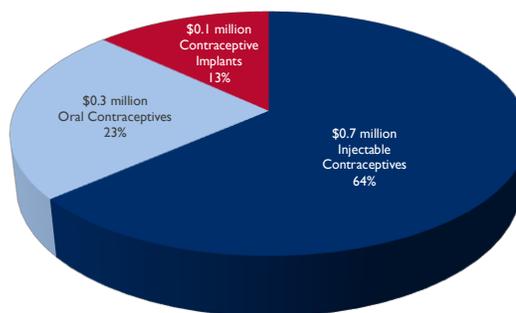


The decrease in orders to Haiti can be explained as a response to high funding provided in FY 2021, as part of a reallocation.

Injectable contraceptives made up most (64 percent) of delivered value in the LAC region, followed by oral contraceptives (23 percent) and implants (13 percent) (see Exhibit 22). No male or female condoms, IUDs or Standard Days Method were delivered to the LAC region in FY 2022.

Haiti's orders for FY 2022 were adjusted based on local demand. For instance, demand for OCs has been falling, while the quantity of IUDs received in FY 2021 was large enough to cover demand in FY 2022.

**Exhibit 22. Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to LAC, by Method, FY 2022**



**Total: \$1.1 million**

Government programs accounted for all deliveries in FY 2022. No commodities have been delivered to NGOs or SMOs in the region since FY 2019 (see Exhibit 23).

**Exhibit 23. Trends in Contraceptive and FP/RH Condom Delivered Value to LAC, by Program Type, FY 2013–22\***

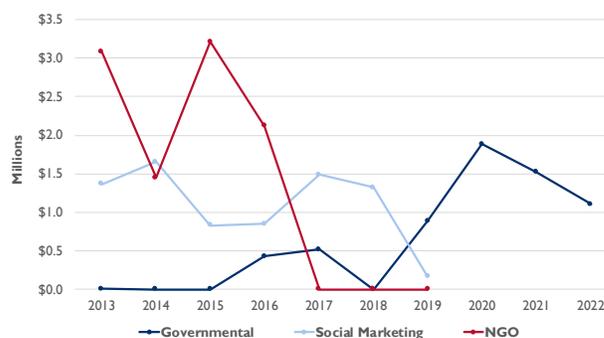


Exhibit 24. Total Value of Contraceptives and FP/RH Condoms Delivered to LAC, by Country, FY 2020–22

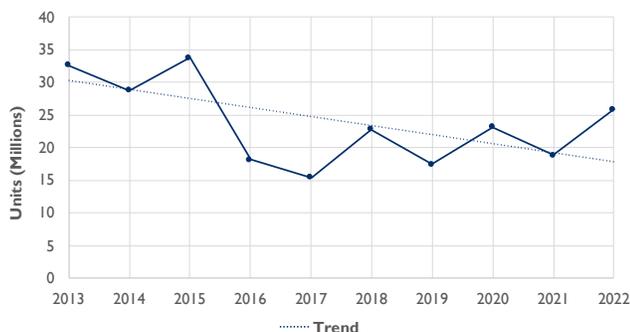
Country	FY 2020 (\$)	FY 2021 (\$)	FY 2022 (\$)	Percentage Change FY 2021–22 (%)
Haiti	\$1,885,319	\$1,518,365	\$1,103,398	-27%
<b>Total LAC</b>	<b>\$1,885,319</b>	<b>\$1,518,365</b>	<b>\$1,103,398</b>	<b>-27%</b>

# Worldwide Injectable Contraceptive Shipments

Injectable contraceptives once again had the highest total delivered value among all contraceptives in FY 2022 (see Exhibit 3) as has been the case for the previous two years (see Exhibit 5).

The delivered value of injectable contraceptives was \$22.1 million in FY 2022, an increase from FY 2021 (see Exhibit 25). Twenty countries received injectable contraceptives from USAID in FY 2022 compared to 16 in FY 2021.

**Exhibit 25. Trends in Worldwide Injectable Contraceptive Delivered Quantities, FY 2013–22\***

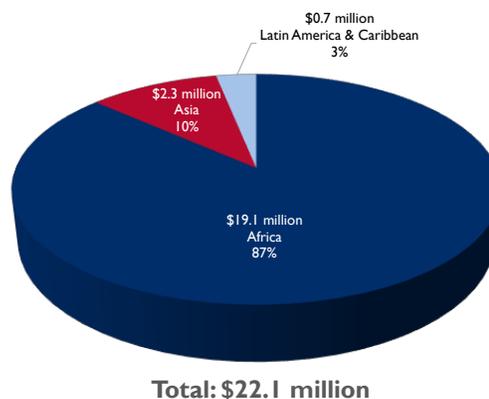


Globally, the value of injectable contraceptive deliveries increased by 44 percent. As in the last five years, Africa received the largest proportion by value in FY 2022. Deliveries to Africa made up 87 percent, of the global total value, Asia received 10 percent and LAC received 3 percent of global delivered value of injectable contraceptives (see Exhibit 26).

Injectable contraceptive deliveries increased in value by 100 percent in Africa, with the addition of five more countries. In Asia, they decreased by 53 percent, with the elimination of deliveries to Nepal and decreases of 25 percent in Bangladesh, which had formerly received the most of any country. In LAC, where only one country receives deliveries, the value of injectable deliveries decreased by 22 percent (see Exhibit 29).

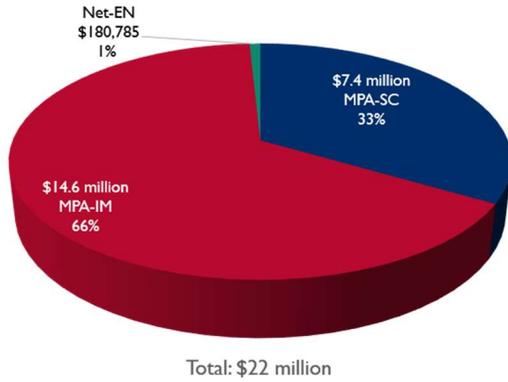
Last year Asia received 32 percent of the global delivered value of injectable contraceptives, while this year Asia’s percentage of the global delivered value was only 10 percent.

**Exhibit 26. Injectable Contraceptive Delivered Value by Region, FY 2022**



Three different formulations of injectable contraceptives were delivered; the standard intramuscular formulation, which has been provided for many years (MPA-IM), and a newer sub-cutaneous formulation (MPA-SC) prepackaged in a single dose injection with an integrated needle. Last year, the intramuscular formulation made up 93 percent of the delivered value. This year MPA-IM was still the most delivered form of injectable contraception, but the subcutaneous presentation is growing in popularity and its share increased from seven percent to 33 percent. A third formulation, Net-EN, was also delivered to one country (Benin), although it made up only one percent of the total deliveries (see Exhibit 27).

**Exhibit 27. Different kinds of Injectable Contraceptives Delivered in FY 2022**



Uganda, Mozambique, and Madagascar overtook Bangladesh as the top receiving countries in FY 2022. Tanzania was also again in the top five (see Exhibit 28).

Eleven African countries received increases in their deliveries of injectable contraceptives: Burundi, DRC, Ghana, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mozambique, Rwanda, Tanzania, Uganda, and Zambia. Malawi’s increase of over 3,000 percent was particularly substantial, although it still was not in the top five receiving countries.

Five countries received injectables in FY 2022 after not receiving them in FY 2021: Benin, Cote d’Ivoire, Liberia, Niger, and Togo

Conversely, Angola, Bangladesh, Haiti, and Senegal all received decreases in the value of injectable contraceptives delivered. One country, Nepal did not receive injectables this year after receiving them last year. In fact, Nepal had received the second highest amount of injectables last year (see Exhibit 29). Nepal’s funding was received late in FY 2022, meaning its orders will be delivered in FY 2023.

Further details on countries are provided in the regional sections above.

**Exhibit 28. Injectable Contraceptive Delivered Value Worldwide, Top Five Receiving Countries, FY 2022**

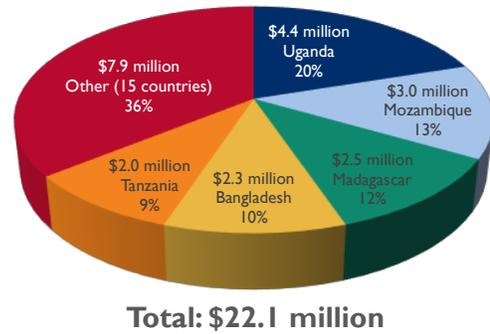


Exhibit 29. Injectable Contraceptives Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22

Country	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY2022	Percentage Change (Quantity) FY 2021–22 (%)	FY 2020 (\$)	FY 2021 (\$)	FY 2022 (\$)	Percentage Change (Value) FY 2021–22 (%)
Africa		Quantity			Value			
Angola	540,000	842,000	210,000	-75%	445,486	666,879	191,430	-71%
Benin	0	0	119,900	-	0	0	180,785	-
Burkina Faso	200,000	0	0	-	160,047	0	0	-
Burundi	338,000	444,400	566,000	27%	334,377	465,954	516,149	11%
Cote d'Ivoire	0	0	140,000	-	0	0	129,698	-
DRC	632,800	163,200	265,800	63%	705,432	151,575	291,025	92%
Ghana	1,724,400	500,000	766,800	53%	1,619,378	455,633	714,465	57%
Guinea	30,000	0	0	-	31,937	0	0	-
Liberia	583,000	0	73,000	-	509,409	0	72,641	-
Madagascar	2,907,000	1,005,000	2,864,500	185%	2,258,198	783,324	2,532,361	223%
Malawi	900,000	36,000	1,396,000	3778%	658,125	35,741	1,307,378	3558%
Mali	436,600	119,000	1,169,000	882%	405,512	132,740	1,066,409	703%
Mozambique	3,075,900	2,124,500	3,252,400	53%	2,588,168	1,781,248	2,963,076	66%
Niger	0	0	643,600	-	0	0	599,619	-
Nigeria	1,371,200	0	0	-	1,293,544	0	0	-
Rwanda	0	764,500	858,500	12%	0	670,000	736,030	10%
Senegal	823,400	800,000	262,600	-67%	786,627	740,980	243,041	-67%
Tanzania	0	1,485,500	2,381,500	60%	0	1,286,846	2,015,655	57%
Togo	0	0	468,000	-	0	0	437,097	-
Uganda	2,941,300	2,292,000	4,958,300	116%	2,493,194	2,019,959	4,415,528	119%
Zambia	1,049,000	437,000	858,500	96%	826,722	406,715	736,778	81%
<b>Total Africa</b>	<b>13,475,495</b>	<b>17,552,600</b>	<b>21,254,400</b>	<b>-37%</b>	<b>\$15,116,154</b>	<b>\$9,597,592</b>	<b>\$19,149,164</b>	<b>100%</b>
Asia								
Bangladesh	3,799,800	4,330,000	3,748,600	-13%	3,475,041	2,612,699	2,281,513	-13%
Nepal	0	2,453,200	0	-100%	0	2,284,938	0	-100%
<b>Total Asia</b>	<b>3,799,800</b>	<b>6,783,200</b>	<b>3,748,600</b>	<b>-45%</b>	<b>\$3,475,041</b>	<b>\$4,897,637</b>	<b>\$2,281,513</b>	<b>-53%</b>
LAC								

Haiti	1,830,500	1,025,500	834,500	-19%	1,460,638	901,123	701,720	-22%
<b>Total LAC</b>	<b>1,830,500</b>	<b>1,025,500</b>	<b>834,500</b>	<b>-19%</b>	<b>\$1,460,638</b>	<b>\$901,123</b>	<b>\$701,720</b>	<b>-22%</b>
<b>TOTAL WORLD WIDE</b>	<b>23,182,900</b>	<b>18,821,800</b>	<b>25,837,500</b>	<b>37%</b>	<b>\$20,051,832</b>	<b>\$15,396,352</b>	<b>\$22,132,398</b>	<b>44%</b>

Exhibit 30. MPA-IM Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22

Country	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	Percent Change (Quantity) FY2021-22 (%)	FY2020 (\$)	FY2021 (\$)	FY2022 (\$)	Percent Change (Value) FY2021-22 (\$)
Africa								
Angola	540,000	842,000	210,000	-75%	445,486	666,879	191,430	-71%
Burkina Faso	200,000	0	0	-	160,047	0	0	-
Burundi	100,000	320,400	442,000	38%	89,890	339,914	380,483	12%
Côte d'Ivoire	0	0	140,000	-	0	0	129,698	-
DRC	265,600	163,200	3,600	-98%	329,459	151,575	32,749	-78%
Ghana	1,724,400	500,000	766,800	53%	1,619,378	455,633	714,465	57%
Guinea	30,000	0	0	-	31,937	0	0	-
Liberia	400,000	0	73,000	-	342,400	0	72,641	-
Madagascar	2,907,000	1,005,000	2,864,500	185%	2,258,198	783,324	2,532,361	223%
Malawi	900,000	20,000	24,000	20%	658,125	18,758	23,097	23%
Mali	415,000	119,000	1,169,000	882%	379,784	132,740	1,066,409	703%
Mozambique	1,628,500	2,124,500	1,106,000	-48%	1,325,519	1,781,248	971,248	-45%
Nigeria	1,371,200	0	0	-	1,293,544	0	0	-
Rwanda	0	764,500	858,500	12%	0	670,000	736,030	10%
Senegal	485,200	800,000	0	-100%	468,766	740,980	0	-100%
Tanzania	0	1,485,500	2,381,500	60%	0	1,286,846	2,015,655	57%
Togo	0	0	218,000	-	0	0	208,379	-
Uganda	2,021,700	1,373,000	2,123,500	55%	1,584,451	1,160,680	1,802,143	55%
Zambia	1,049,000	437,000	858,500	96%	826,722	406,715	736,778	81%
<b>Africa Total</b>	<b>14,037,600</b>	<b>9,954,100</b>	<b>13,238,900</b>	<b>33%</b>	<b>\$11,813,703</b>	<b>\$8,595,290</b>	<b>\$11,613,566</b>	<b>35%</b>
Asia								
Bangladesh	3,599,800	4,293,000	3,705,600	-14%	3,285,390	2,576,583	2,235,110	-13%
Nepal	0	2,453,200	0	-100%	0	2,284,938	0	-100%

Asia Total	3,599,800	6,746,200	3,705,600	-45%	\$3,285,390	\$4,861,521	\$2,235,110	-54%
LAC								
Haiti	1,830,500	1,025,500	834,500	-19%	1,460,638	901,123	701,720	-22%
LAC Total	1,830,500	1,025,500	834,500	-19%	\$1,460,638	\$901,123	\$701,720	-22%
<b>TOTAL WORLD WIDE</b>	<b>19,467,900</b>	<b>17,725,800</b>	<b>17,779,000</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>\$16,559,731</b>	<b>\$14,357,935</b>	<b>\$14,550,396</b>	<b>1%</b>

Exhibit 31. MPA-SC Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22

Country	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	Percent Change (Quantity) FY2021-22 (%)	FY2020 (\$)	FY2021 (\$)	FY2022 (\$)	Percent Change (Value) FY2021-22 (\$)
Africa								
Burundi	238,000	124,000	124,000	0%	244,487	126,041	135,666	8%
DRC	367,200	0	262,200	-	375,974	0	258,276	-
Liberia	183,000	0	0	-	167,009	0	0	-
Malawi	0	16,000	1,372,000	8475%	0	16,983	1,284,281	7462%
Mali	21,600	0	0	-	25,728	0	0	-
Mozambique	1,447,400	0	2,146,400	-	1,262,649	0	1,991,828	-
Niger	0	0	643,600	-	0	0	599,619	-
Senegal	338,200	0	262,600	-	317,861	0	243,041	-
Togo	0	0	250,000	-	0	0	228,718	-
Uganda	919,600	919,000	2,834,800	208%	908,743	859,279	2,613,385	204%
<b>Africa Total</b>	<b>3,515,000</b>	<b>1,059,000</b>	<b>7,895,600</b>	<b>646%</b>	<b>\$3,302,451</b>	<b>\$1,002,302</b>	<b>\$7,354,814</b>	<b>634%</b>
Asia								
Bangladesh	200,000	37,000	43,000	16%	189,650	36,116	46,403	28%
<b>Asia Total</b>	<b>200,000</b>	<b>37,000</b>	<b>43,000</b>	<b>16%</b>	<b>\$189,650</b>	<b>\$36,116</b>	<b>\$46,403</b>	<b>28%</b>
LAC Total	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
<b>TOTAL WORLD WIDE</b>	<b>3,715,000</b>	<b>1,096,000</b>	<b>7,938,600</b>	<b>624%</b>	<b>\$3,492,101</b>	<b>\$1,038,418</b>	<b>\$7,401,217</b>	<b>613%</b>

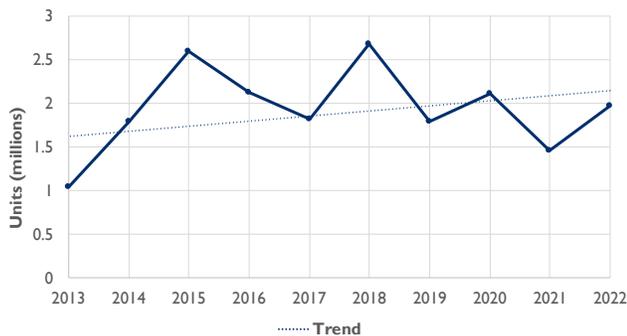
Exhibit 32. Net-EN Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22

Country	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	Percent Change (Quantity) FY2021-22(%)	FY2020 (\$)	FY2021 (\$)	FY2022 (\$)	Percent Change (Value) FY2021-22 (\$)
<b>Africa</b>								
Benin	0	0	119,900	-	0	0	180,785	-
<b>Africa Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>119,900</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>\$180,785</b>	<b>-</b>
Asia Total	0	0	-	-	0	0	-	-
LAC Total	0	0	-	-	0	0	-	-
<b>TOTAL WORLD WIDE</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>119,900</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$180,785</b>	<b>-</b>

# Worldwide Contraceptive Implant Shipments

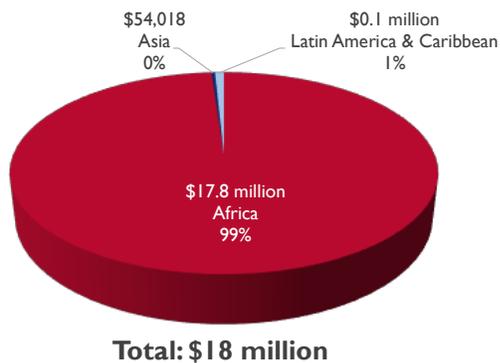
The total delivered value of contraceptive implants increased by 43 percent to \$18 million in FY 2022 (see Exhibit 33). Eighteen countries received implants this year, up from 15 countries in FY 2021. Sixteen African countries received implants, along with one each from Asia and the LAC region (see Exhibit 37).

**Exhibit 33. Trends in Worldwide Contraceptive Implant Delivered Quantities, FY 2013–22\***



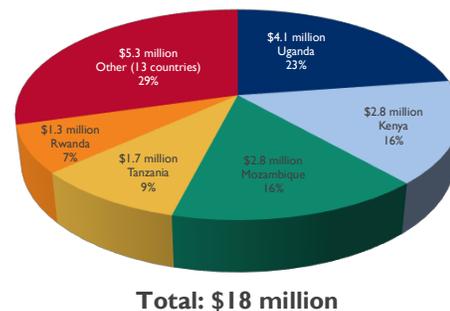
Once again, Africa accounted for almost all the delivered value of contraceptive implants in FY 2022 at 98.9 percent, with LAC and Asia making up a small percentage (see Exhibit 34).

**Exhibit 34. Contraceptive Implant Delivered Value by region, FY 2022**



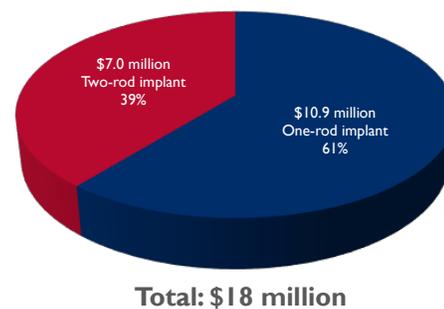
The five largest receiving countries accounted for 71 percent of the delivered value in FY 2022: Uganda received the highest value of implants (23 percent), followed by Kenya (16 percent), Mozambique (16 percent), Tanzania (9 percent) and Rwanda (7 percent) (Exhibit 35).

**Exhibit 35. Contraceptive Implant Delivered Value Worldwide, Top Five Receiving Countries, FY 2022**



In FY 2022, as in previous years, two kinds of contraceptive implants were shipped: a two-rod implant and a single-rod implant. The proportion of the deliveries made up of the single-rod product increased from 52 percent in FY 2021 to 61 percent in FY 2022 (see Exhibit 36).

**Exhibit 36. Different kinds of implants delivered in FY 2022**



Four countries received implants in FY 2021 but did not in FY 2022: Ghana, Liberia, Zambia, and Nepal. Conversely seven countries received implants after not having received them in the past year: Benin,

Cote d'Ivoire, Kenya, Niger, Nigeria, Senegal, and Bangladesh (Exhibit 37).

Exhibit 37. Contraceptive Implant Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22

Country	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Percentage Change (Quantity) FY 2021–22 (%)	FY 2020 (\$)	FY 2021 (\$)	FY 2022 (\$)	Percentage Change (Value) FY 2021–22 (%)	
Africa		Quantity			Value				
Angola	25,000	6,500	22,900	252%	225,736	59,150	210,153	255%	
Benin	0	0	54,200	-	0	0	498,540	-	
Burkina Faso	0	38,100	41,400	9%	0	343,681	368,413	7%	
Cote d'Ivoire	0	0	10,300	-	0	0	94,674	-	
DRC	103,000	143,600	97,632	-32%	746,391	1,294,559	945,653	-27%	
Ghana	119,400	70,321	-	-100%	1,081,914	606,088	0	-100%	
Kenya	0	0	320,184	-	0	0	2,829,112	-	
Liberia	9,800	25,000	0	-100%	88,955	185,822	0	-100%	
Madagascar	51,840	17,496	23,544	35%	485,938	148,716	211,306	42%	
Malawi	0	107,056	53,864	-50%	0	928,728	490,712	-47%	
Mali	0	123,100	54,500	-56%	0	998,348	504,479	-49%	
Mozambique	226,800	156,000	282,100	81%	2,023,797	1,245,438	2,794,910	124%	
Niger	0	0	10,000	-	0	0	89,679	-	
Nigeria	292,792	0	98,784	-	2,564,856	0	931,933	-	
Rwanda	161,692	159,888	141,396	-12%	1,453,749	1,422,471	1,298,785	-9%	
Senegal	207,848	0	83,448	-	1,812,736	0	748,654	-	
Tanzania	322,840	133,272	190,008	43%	2,809,297	1,181,980	1,680,087	42%	
Uganda	544,540	385,304	458,656	19%	4,747,263	3,381,128	4,076,746	21%	
Zambia	30,024	67,032	0	-100%	269,924	602,955	0	-100%	
<b>Total Africa</b>	<b>2,095,576</b>	<b>1,432,669</b>	<b>1,942,916</b>	<b>36%</b>	<b>\$18,310,556</b>	<b>\$12,399,063</b>	<b>\$17,773,836</b>	<b>43%</b>	
Asia									
Bangladesh	0	0	6,000	-	0	0	54,018	-	
Nepal	1,000	2,000	0	-100%	9,512	23,176	0	-100%	

<b>Total Asia</b>	<b>1,000</b>	<b>2,000</b>	<b>6,000</b>	<b>200%</b>	<b>9,512</b>	<b>23,176</b>	<b>54,018</b>	<b>133%</b>
<b>LAC</b>								
Haiti	13,800	20,000	19,500	-3%	125,706	148,515	144,688	-3%
<b>Total LAC</b>	<b>13,800</b>	<b>20,000</b>	<b>19,500</b>	<b>-3%</b>	<b>\$125,706</b>	<b>\$148,515</b>	<b>\$144,688</b>	<b>-3%</b>
<b>TOTAL WORLD WIDE</b>	<b>2,110,376</b>	<b>1,454,669</b>	<b>1,968,416</b>	<b>35%</b>	<b>\$18,445,774</b>	<b>\$12,570,753</b>	<b>\$17,972,542</b>	<b>43%</b>

Exhibit 38. Two-rod Implant Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22

Country	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	Percent Change (Quantity) FY2021-22 (%)	FY2020 (\$)	FY2021 (\$)	FY2022 (\$)	Percent Change (Value) FY2021-22 (\$)
<b>Africa</b>								
Angola	25,000	6,500	22,900	252%	225,736	59,150	210,153	255%
Benin	0	0	54,200	-	0	0	498,540	-
Burkina Faso	0	38,100	41,400	9%		343,681	368,413	7%
Côte d'Ivoire	0	0	10,300	-	0	0	94,674	-
DRC	103,000	59,000	73,800	25%	746,391	457,236	743,081	63%
Ghana	42,000	0	0	-	362,342	0	0	-
Liberia	9,800	25,000	0	-100%	88,955	185,822	0	-100%
Malawi	0	26,200	45,800	75%	0	233,087	413,828	78%
Mali	0	123,100	54,500	-56%	0	998,348	504,479	-49%
Mozambique	226,800	156,000	282,100	81%	2,023,797	1,245,438	2,794,910	124%
Niger	0	0	10,000	-	0	0	89,679	-
Nigeria	212,800	0	0	-	1,854,464	0	0	-
Rwanda	68,700	37,200	66,300	78%	614,963	327,193	578,643	77%
Senegal	142,400	0	0	-	1,246,683	0	0	-
Uganda	260,500	222,800	62,800	-72%	2,258,858	1,954,350	550,770	-72%
<b>Africa Total</b>	<b>1,091,000</b>	<b>693,900</b>	<b>724,100</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>\$9,422,189</b>	<b>\$5,804,304</b>	<b>\$6,847,169</b>	<b>18%</b>
<b>Asia</b>								
Bangladesh	0	0	6,000	-	0	0	54,018	-
Nepal	1,000	2,000	0	-100%	9,512	23,176	0	-100%

Asia Total	1,000	2,000	6,000	200%	\$9,512	\$23,176	\$54,018	133%
LAC								
Haiti	13,800	20,000	19,500	-3%	125,706	148,515	144,688	-3%
LAC Total	13,800	20,000	19,500	-3%	\$125,706	\$148,515	\$144,688	-3%
<b>TOTAL WORLD WIDE</b>	<b>1,105,800</b>	<b>715,900</b>	<b>749,600</b>	<b>5%</b>	<b>\$9,557,407</b>	<b>\$5,975,995</b>	<b>\$7,045,875</b>	<b>18%</b>

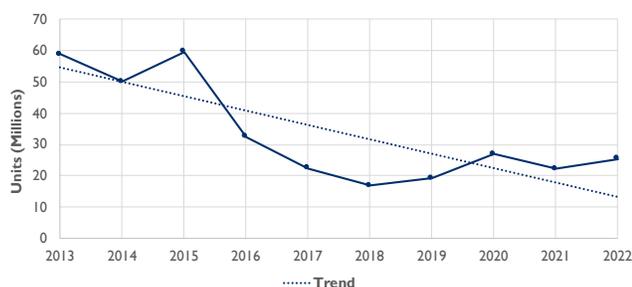
Exhibit 39. One-rod Implant Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22

Country	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	Percent Change (Quantity) FY2021-22 (%)	FY2020 (\$)	FY2021 (\$)	FY2022 (\$)	Percent Change (Value) FY2021-22 (\$)
Africa								
DRC	0	84,600	23,832	-72%	0	837,323	202,572	-76%
Ghana	77,400	70,321	0	-100%	719,572	606,088	0	-100%
Kenya	0	0	320,184	-	0	0	2,829,112	-
Madagascar	51,840	17,496	23,544	35%	485,938	148,716	211,306	42%
Malawi	0	80,856	8,064	-90%	0	695,641	76,884	-89%
Nigeria	79,992	0	98,784	-	710,392	0	931,933	-
Rwanda	92,992	122,688	75,096	-39%	838,786	1,095,278	720,142	-34%
Senegal	65,448	0	83,448	-	566,053	0	748,654	-
Tanzania	322,840	133,272	190,008	43%	2,809,297	1,181,980	1,680,087	42%
Uganda	284,040	162,504	395,856	144%	2,488,405	1,426,778	3,525,976	147%
Zambia	30,024	67,032	0	-100%	269,924	602,955	0	-100%
<b>Africa Total</b>	<b>1,004,576</b>	<b>738,769</b>	<b>1,218,816</b>	<b>65%</b>	<b>\$8,888,367</b>	<b>\$6,594,758</b>	<b>\$10,926,667</b>	<b>66%</b>
Asia Total	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
LAC Total	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
<b>TOTAL WORLD WIDE</b>	<b>1,004,576</b>	<b>738,769</b>	<b>1,218,816</b>	<b>65%</b>	<b>\$8,888,367</b>	<b>\$6,594,758</b>	<b>\$10,926,667</b>	<b>66%</b>

# Worldwide Oral Contraceptive Shipments

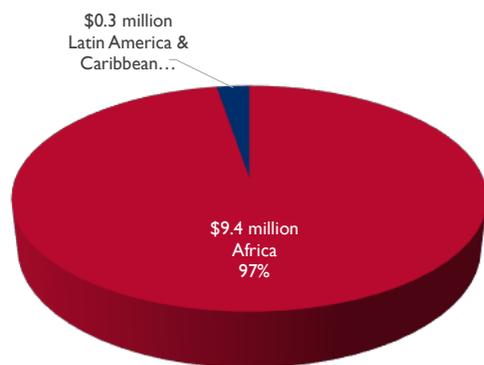
The delivered value of oral contraceptives delivered in FY 2022 was \$9.7 million, up from \$7.2 million in FY 2021 (see Exhibit 40).

**Exhibit 40. Trends in Worldwide Oral Contraceptive Delivered Quantities, FY 2013–22\***



As in previous years, virtually all oral contraceptives delivered – 97 percent in FY 2022 – went to Africa. The LAC region (specifically Haiti) received the other three percent (see Exhibit 41).

**Exhibit 41. Oral Contraceptive Delivered Value by Region, FY 2022**

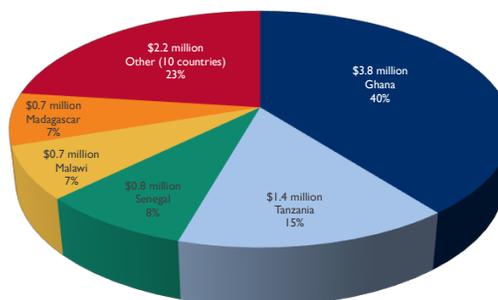


**Total: \$9.7 million**

The top five receiving countries were all in Africa. While in FY 2021 Tanzania received the largest share followed by Ghana, this year the order was reversed: in FY 2022 Ghana received the largest share at 40 percent, followed by Tanzania at 15 percent. The other three receiving

countries were Senegal (eight percent), Malawi (seven percent) and Madagascar (seven percent). Ten other countries made up the remaining 23 percent of deliveries (see Exhibit 42).

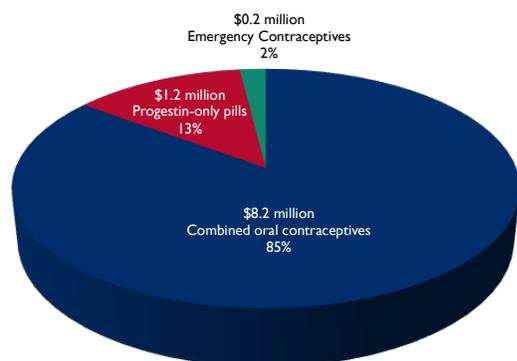
**Exhibit 42. Oral Contraceptives Delivered Value, Top Five Receiving Countries, FY 2022**



**Total: \$9.7 million**

Four different categories of oral contraceptives were supplied in FY 2022: COCs (combining estrogen and progestin) both with and without iron in the placebo, progestin-only pills, and emergency contraceptives. Combined oral contraceptives made up most of the overall deliveries of oral contraceptives at 85 percent, progestin-only pills made up 13 percent, and emergency contraceptive pills made up only 2 percent (see Exhibit 43).

**Exhibit 43. Types of Oral Contraceptive Delivered, FY 2022**



**Total: \$9.7 million**

Exhibit 42, below, shows changes in the countries receiving oral contraceptives in FY 2022 versus FY 2021. Benin, Burundi, and Uganda did not receive oral contraceptives in FY 2022, after receiving them in FY 2021. Burkina Faso, Cote d'Ivoire, and Liberia received oral contraceptives in FY 2022 after not receiving them in FY 2021. Angola, Ghana, Madagascar, Malawi, Mozambique, Rwanda, and Senegal received increased deliveries in FY 2022, while DRC, Haiti, Madagascar, Mali, Tanzania, and Zambia received decreases.

**Exhibit 44. Oral Contraceptive Values and Quantities Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22**

Country	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Percentage Change (Quantity) FY 2021–22 (%)	FY 2020 (\$)	FY 2021 (\$)	FY 2022 (\$)	Percentage Change (Value) FY 2021–22 (%)
Africa		Quantity						
Angola	2,227,472	835,920	1,069,632	28%	626,342	262,826	323,465	23%
Benin	388,800	388,800	0	-100%	118,611	113,448	0	-100%
Burkina Faso	0	0	2,880	-	0	0	3,868	-
Burundi	0	271,440	0	-100%	0	115,282	0	-100%
Cote d'Ivoire	0	0	17,280	-	0	0	8,279	-
DRC	661,176	1,013,760	518,652	-49%	331,580	445,839	368,598	-17%
Ghana	1,400,920	4,018,160	8,515,440	112%	418,535	1,163,589	3,820,688	228%
Guinea	136,224	0	0	-	51,862	0	0	-
Liberia	1,068,480	0	234,000	-	315,379	0	96,007	-
Madagascar	5,643,528	2,890,944	1,625,040	-44%	1,352,923	674,488	692,348	3%
Malawi	0	158,400	2,325,924	1368%	0	64,577	692,455	972%
Mali	640,080	1,442,160	419,760	-71%	225,708	473,312	186,624	-61%
Mozambique	2,653,344	1,147,680	1,296,720	13%	718,286	361,147	493,045	37%
Nigeria	442,080	0	0	-	165,713	0	0	-
Rwanda	416,160	84,240	586,800	597%	135,839	36,003	230,408	540%
Senegal	1,622,160	477,360	1,756,080	268%	543,543	151,853	801,985	428%

Tanzania	2,949,948	4,668,224	5,791,248	24%	857,699	1,865,600	1,446,592	-22%
Togo	86,400	0	0	-	22,464	0	0	-
Uganda	1,212,480	1,820,160	0	-100%	375,893	535,951	0	-100%
Zambia	3,249,888	1,519,200	640,080	-58%	933,033	489,164	259,756	-47%
<b>Total Africa</b>	<b>24,799,140</b>	<b>20,736,448</b>	<b>24,799,536</b>	<b>20%</b>	<b>\$7,193,407</b>	<b>\$6,753,079</b>	<b>\$9,424,115</b>	<b>40%</b>
Asia								
Afghanistan	1,200,096	0	0	-	414,108	0	0	-
<b>Total Asia</b>	<b>1,200,096</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>\$414,108</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-</b>
LAC								
Haiti	965,520	1,412,352	648,000	-54%	298,975	465,981	256,990	-45%
<b>Total LAC</b>	<b>965,520</b>	<b>1,412,352</b>	<b>648,000</b>	<b>-54%</b>	<b>\$298,975</b>	<b>\$465,981</b>	<b>\$256,990</b>	<b>-45%</b>
<b>TOTAL WORLDWIDE</b>	<b>26,964,756</b>	<b>22,148,800</b>	<b>25,447,536</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>\$7,906,491</b>	<b>\$7,219,060</b>	<b>\$9,681,105</b>	<b>34%</b>

Exhibit 45. Combined Oral Contraceptives with Iron Placebo Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22

Country	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	Percent Change (Quantity) FY2021-22 (%)	FY2020 (\$)	FY2021 (\$)	FY2022 (\$)	Percent Change (Value) FY2021-22 (\$)
Africa								
Angola	1,626,912	666,720	810,432	22%	410,710	205,033	218,405	7%
Benin	388,800	388,800	0	-100%	118,611	113,448	0	-100%
Burundi	0	271,440	0	-100%	0	115,282	0	-100%
DRC	374,976	614,880	114,912	-81%	131,874	261,539	80,142	-69%
Ghana	1,325,320	3,900,800	8,409,600	116%	390,814	1,118,270	3,746,364	235%
Guinea	93,744	0	0	-	33,812	0	0	-
Liberia	915,840	0	0	-	253,853	0	0	-
Madagascar	5,643,528	2,890,944	0	-100%	1,352,923	674,488	0	-100%
Malawi	0	57,600	57,600	0%	0	25,638	36,336	42%
Mali	640,080	1,442,160	0	-100%	225,708	473,312	0	-100%
Mozambique	2,577,024	843,120	0	-100%	686,665	254,992	0	-100%
Rwanda	345,600	0	0	-	107,854	0	0	-
Senegal	1,528,560	360,000	1,612,800	348%	500,559	109,144	734,060	573%

Tanzania	2,618,748	3,500,064	2,681,280	-23%	726,272	1,428,269	632,187	-56%
Togo	86,400	0	0	-	22,464	0	0	-
Uganda	1,137,600	1,820,160	0	-100%	341,038	535,951	0	-100%
Zambia	3,225,888	1,310,400	460,080	-65%	927,536	410,272	185,720	-55%
<b>Africa Total</b>	<b>22,529,020</b>	<b>18,067,088</b>	<b>14,146,704</b>	<b>-22%</b>	<b>\$6,230,691</b>	<b>\$5,725,638</b>	<b>\$5,633,214</b>	<b>-2%</b>
<b>Asia</b>								
Afghanistan	1,200,096	0	0	-	414,108	0	0	-
<b>Asia Total</b>	<b>1,200,096</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>		<b>\$414,108</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$0</b>	
<b>LAC</b>								
Haiti	965,520	1,412,352	0	-100%	298,975	465,981	0	-100%
<b>LAC Total</b>	<b>965,520</b>	<b>1,412,352</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-100%</b>	<b>\$298,975</b>	<b>\$465,981</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>-100%</b>
<b>TOTAL WORLD WIDE</b>	<b>24,694,636</b>	<b>19,479,440</b>	<b>14,146,704</b>	<b>-27%</b>	<b>\$6,943,774</b>	<b>\$6,191,619</b>	<b>\$5,633,214</b>	<b>-9%</b>

Exhibit 46. Combined Oral Contraceptives with Non-Iron Placebo Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22

Country	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	Percent Change (Quantity) FY2021-22 (%)	FY2020 (\$)	FY2021 (\$)	FY2022 (\$)	Percent Change (Value) FY2021-22 (\$)
<b>Africa</b>								
Liberia	0	0	234,000	-	0	0	96,007	-
Madagascar	0	0	1,625,040	-	0	0	692,348	-
Malawi	0	0	2,094,624	-	0	0	578,128	-
Mali	0	0	386,640	-	0	0	169,792	-
Rwanda	0	0	419,760	-	0	0	159,061	-
Tanzania	0	0	2,672,208	-	0	0	662,366	-
<b>Africa Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>7,432,272</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>\$2,357,702</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Asia Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>LAC</b>								
Haiti	0	0	648,000	-	0	0	256,990	-
<b>LAC Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>648,000</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>\$256,990</b>	<b>-</b>

**TOTAL  
WORLD  
WIDE**

0 0 8,080,272 - 0 0 \$2,614,692 -

Exhibit 47. Progestin-only Pill Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22

Country	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	Percent Change (Quantity) FY2021-22 (%)	FY2020 (\$)	FY2021 (\$)	FY2022 (\$)	Percent Change (Value) FY2021-22 (\$)
<b>Africa</b>								
Angola	600,560	169,200	259,200	53%	215,632	57,792	105,060	82%
Burkina Faso	0	0	2,880	-	0	0	3,868	-
Côte d'Ivoire	0	0	17,280	-	0	0	8,279	-
DRC	212,400	398,880	203,040	-49%	153,150	184,300	176,693	-4%
Ghana	75,600	117,360	105,840	-10%	27,721	45,319	74,324	64%
Guinea	42,480	0	0	-	18,050	0	0	-
Liberia	152,640	0	0	-	61,526	0	0	-
Mali	0	0	33,120	-	0	0	16,832	-
Mozambique	76,320	304,560	1,296,720	326%	31,621	106,155	493,045	364%
Niger	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
Nigeria	442,080	0	0	-	165,713	0	0	-
Rwanda	70,560	84,240	167,040	98%	27,985	36,003	71,346	98%
Senegal	93,600	117,360	143,280	22%	42,983	42,709	67,925	59%
Tanzania	331,200	668,160	437,760	-34%	131,427	219,321	152,039	-31%
Uganda	74,880	0	0	-	34,856	0	0	-
Zambia	0	0	180,000	-	0	0	74,036	-
<b>Africa Total</b>	<b>2,172,320</b>	<b>1,859,760</b>	<b>2,846,160</b>	<b>53%</b>	<b>\$910,664</b>	<b>\$691,599</b>	<b>\$1,243,446</b>	<b>80%</b>
Asia Total	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
LAC Total	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
<b>Total Worldwide</b>	<b>2,172,320</b>	<b>1,859,760</b>	<b>2,846,160</b>	<b>53%</b>	<b>\$910,664</b>	<b>\$691,599</b>	<b>\$1,243,446</b>	<b>80%</b>

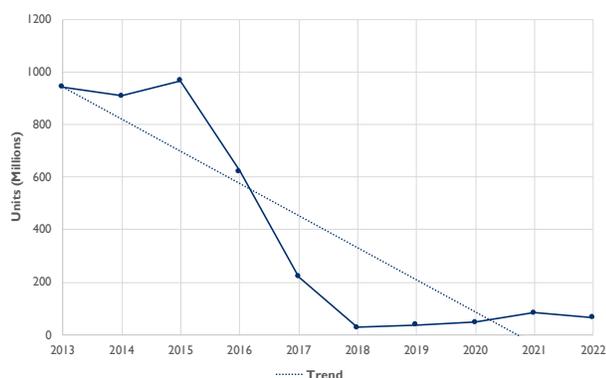
Exhibit 48. Emergency Oral Contraceptive Quantities and Value Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22

Country	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	Percent Change (Quantity) FY2021-22 (%)	FY2020 (\$)	FY2021 (\$)	FY2022 (\$)	Percent Change (Value) FY2021-22 (%)
Africa								
DRC	73,800	0	200,700	-	46,556	0	111,762	-
Malawi	0	100,800	173,700	72%	0	38,939	77,991	100%
Tanzania	0	500,000	0	-100%	0	218,011	0	-100%
Zambia	24,000	208,800	0	-100%	5,497	78,892	0	-100%
<b>Africa Total</b>	<b>97,800</b>	<b>809,600</b>	<b>374,400</b>	<b>-54%</b>	<b>\$52,053</b>	<b>\$335,842</b>	<b>\$189,753</b>	<b>-43%</b>
Asia Total	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
LAC Total	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
<b>TOTAL WORLD WIDE</b>	<b>97,800</b>	<b>809,600</b>	<b>374,400</b>	<b>-54%</b>	<b>\$52,053</b>	<b>\$335,842</b>	<b>\$189,753</b>	<b>-43%</b>

# Worldwide Male Condom Shipments

As noted previously, only condoms procured for FP programs are reported here; FY 2017–2022 data reflect only FP-funded male condoms, while FY 2016 and the years prior reflect FP- and PEPFAR-funded male condoms. A total of 65.5 million male condoms (\$2.7 million worth) were delivered in FY 2022, a slight decrease (21 percent) over the 82.9 million condoms (worth \$3 million) in FY 2021 (see Exhibit 49).

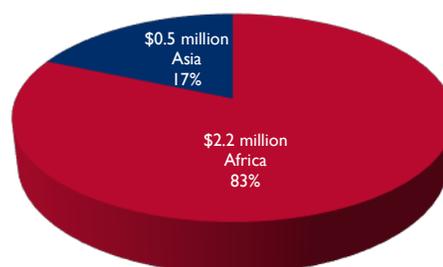
**Exhibit 49. Trends in Worldwide Male Condom Delivered Quantities, FY 2013–22\***



Africa received 83 percent of the FP male condoms delivered by USAID, Asia received 17 percent, and the LAC region did not receive condoms this year (see Exhibit 50).

Eleven countries received FP male condoms in FY 2022, compared to nine in FY 2021 and six in FY 2020.

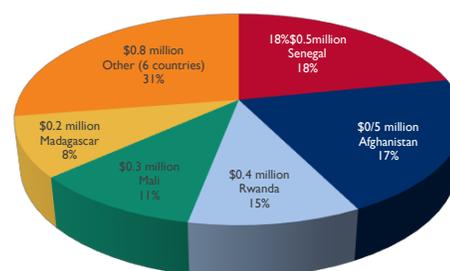
**Exhibit 50. Male Condom Delivered Value by Region, FY 2022**



**Total: \$2.7 million**

Of the top five receiving countries from FY 2021, four were again in the top five in FY 2022: Senegal (18 percent), Afghanistan (17 percent), Mali (11 percent) and Madagascar (8 percent). Rwanda (15 percent) replaced Burkina Faso in the top five receiving countries (see Exhibit 51).

**Exhibit 51. Male Condom Delivered Value Worldwide by Receiving Countries, FY 2022**



**Total: \$2.7 million**

Ghana, Rwanda, and Zambia received male condoms in FY 2022 after not receiving them in FY 2021; Liberia received them in FY 2021 but not in FY 2022. Additionally, the volume of condoms delivered to Afghanistan doubled since FY 2021 (see Exhibit 52).

Differences between delivered value and delivered quantity, such as in DRC, can generally be explained by changes in shipping costs.

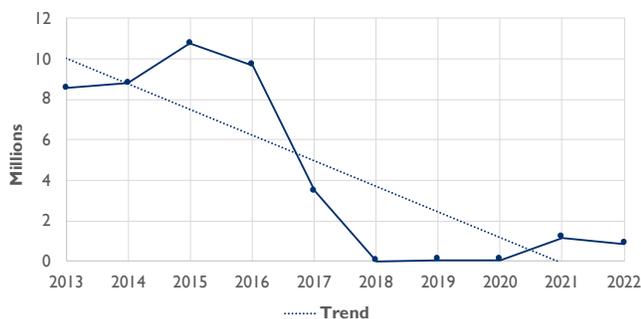
Exhibit 52. Male Condom Quantities and Delivered Value Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22

Country	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Percentage Change (Quantity) FY 2021–22 (%)	FY 2020 (\$)	FY 2021 (\$)	FY 2022 (\$)	Percentage Change (Value) FY 2021–22 (%)
Africa		Quantity			Value			
Benin	0	6,000,000	7,002,000	17%	0	169,590	205,298	21%
Burkina Faso	0	16,709,760	3,090,000	-82%	0	616,456	148,849	-76%
DRC	4,077,000	1,281,000	576,000	-55%	96,842	124,958	22,361	-82%
Ghana	0	0	2,448,000	-	0	0	142,150	-
Liberia	13,938,000	7,407,000	0	-100%	374,689	255,203	0	-100%
Madagascar	0	7,309,440	4,838,400	-34%	0	310,621	215,583	-31%
Mali	0	22,101,000	7,698,000	-65%	0	646,715	285,312	-56%
Rwanda	11,415,000	0	10,212,000	-	359,142	0	397,009	-
Senegal	4,734,000	9,087,000	12,930,000	42%	142,625	306,819	492,772	61%
Togo	0	8,001,000	3,750,000	-53%	0	265,209	203,764	-23%
Zambia	0	0	3,000,000	-	0	0	117,419	-
<b>Africa Total</b>	<b>34,164,000</b>	<b>77,896,200</b>	<b>55,544,400</b>	<b>-29%</b>	<b>\$973,300</b>	<b>\$2,695,572</b>	<b>\$2,230,516</b>	<b>-17%</b>
Asia								
Afghanistan	9,003,000	5,001,000	9,999,000	100%	422,255	272,306	466,915	71%
Nepal	3,600,000	0	0	-	92,842	0	0	-
<b>Asia Total</b>	<b>12,603,000</b>	<b>5,001,000</b>	<b>9,999,000</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>\$515,097</b>	<b>\$272,306</b>	<b>\$466,915</b>	<b>71%</b>
<b>TOTAL WORLD WIDE</b>	<b>46,767,000</b>	<b>82,897,200</b>	<b>65,543,400</b>	<b>-21%</b>	<b>\$1,488,396</b>	<b>\$2,967,878</b>	<b>\$2,697,431</b>	<b>-9%</b>

# Worldwide Female Condom Shipments

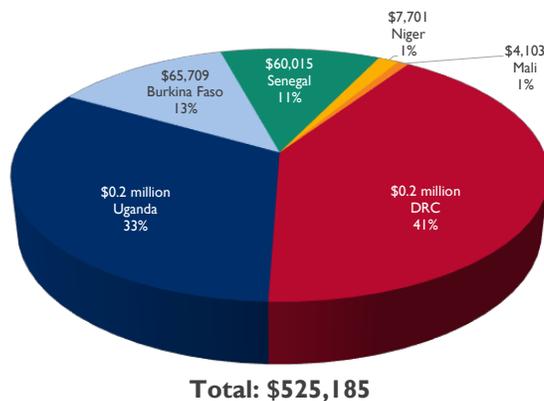
Deliveries of female condoms declined precipitously between FY 2016 to FY 2018. In FY 2020, they were shipped to only one country, but in FY 2021, three countries received deliveries for female condoms, and in FY 2022, orders were received by six countries. However, the shipped value this year was lower, at \$525,185, than in FY 2021, when deliveries were valued at \$685,434 (see Exhibit 53).

**Exhibit 53. Trends in Worldwide Female Condom Quantities, FY 2013–22\***



All in FY 2022 deliveries went to Africa as in previous years. The top recipients were DRC (41 percent), Uganda (33 percent), Burkina Faso (13 percent), and Senegal (11 percent) (see Exhibit 54).

**Exhibit 54. Female Condoms Delivered Value by Country, FY 2022**



# Worldwide Intrauterine Device Shipments

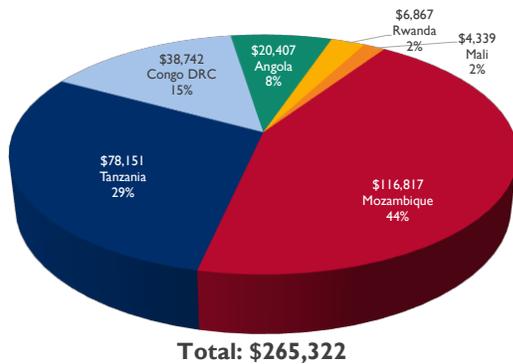
The value of IUDs delivered has increased for two years in a row, from \$73,830 in FY 2020 to \$173,399 in FY 2021 to \$265,322 in FY 2022 (see Exhibit 55). However, this was the smallest contraceptive commodity delivered in terms of value (see Exhibit 3).

**Exhibit 55. Trends in Worldwide Intrauterine Device Quantities, FY 2013–22\***



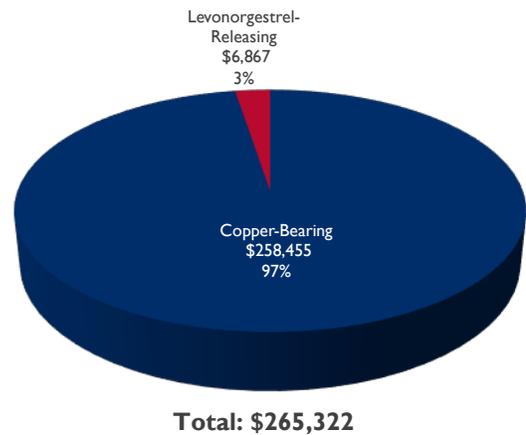
Six countries received IUDs in FY 2022 – all in Africa – down from nine in FY 2021 (see Exhibit 58).

**Exhibit 56. Intrauterine Device Delivered Value by Country, FY 2022**



While USAID has been procuring copper-bearing IUDs for some time, FY 2022 marked the first time USAID also procured hormone-bearing IUDs. This type of IUD is preferred by some women due to its ability to reduce menstrual bleeding. The levonorgestrel-releasing IUD made up 3 percent of deliveries (see Exhibit 57).

**Exhibit 57. Intrauterine Devices by Type, FY 2022**



**Total: \$265,322**

Exhibit 58. Intrauterine Device Quantities and Value delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22

Country	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Percentage Change (Quantity) FY 2021–22 (%)	FY 2020 (\$)	FY 2021 (\$)	FY 2022 (\$)	Percentage Change (Value) FY 2021–22 (%)
Africa		Quantity			Value			
Angola	8,100	1,800	25,200	1300%	2,970	2,585	20,407	690%
DRC	0	3,300	29,400	791%	0	9,346	38,742	315%
Liberia	1,500	10,200	0	-100%	1,025	15,767	0	-100%
Malawi	0	14,100	0	-100%	0	18,431	0	-100%
Mali	0	33,900	3,000	-91%	0	27,241	4,339	-84%
Mozambique	0	18,300	139,800	664%	0	13,389	116,817	773%
Rwanda	0	0	630	-	0	0	6,867	-
Tanzania	0	0	136,200	-	0	0	78,151	-
Uganda	163,200	131,400	0	-100%	69,835	80,164	0	-100%
<b>Africa Total</b>	<b>172,800</b>	<b>213,000</b>	<b>334,230</b>	<b>57%</b>	<b>\$73,830</b>	<b>\$166,922</b>	<b>\$265,322</b>	<b>59%</b>
Asia								
Nepal	0	2,100	0	-100%	0	3,730	0	-100%
<b>Asia Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2,100</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-100%</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$3,730</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>-100%</b>
LAC								
Haiti	0	1,200	0	-100%	0	2,746	0	-100%
<b>LAC Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,200</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-100%</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>\$2,746</b>	<b>\$0</b>	<b>-100%</b>
<b>TOTAL WORLD WIDE</b>	<b>172,800</b>	<b>216,300</b>	<b>334,230</b>	<b>55%</b>	<b>\$73,830</b>	<b>\$173,399</b>	<b>\$265,322</b>	<b>53%</b>

# Worldwide Standard Days Method Shipments

As in FY 2021, only three countries procured the Standard Days Method in FY 2022 (see Exhibit 60). All three countries - DRC, Mali, and Uganda - were in Africa. Mali received the method in FY 2021 but neither DRC nor Uganda received the method the previous year. In addition, two countries, Burkina Faso and Togo, that received this method in FY 2021 did not receive it in FY 2022. In FY 2020, even more countries received Standard Days Method: Benin, Burundi, DRC, Ethiopia, Liberia, and Madagascar. Of these six countries, only DRC received the method again in FY 2022.

The total value of the deliveries to these three countries was \$345,003, a large increase of 1,381 percent from the \$23,298 spent on these commodities in FY 2021 (see Exhibit 60).

Exhibit 59. Standard Days Method Delivered Value Worldwide by Country, FY 2022

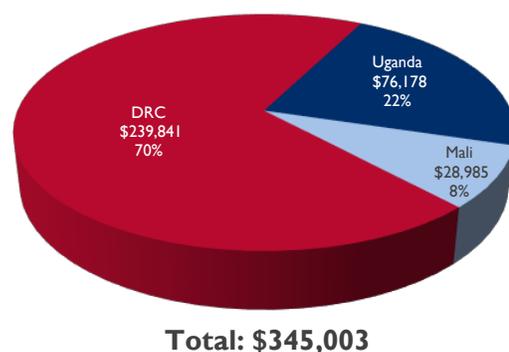


Exhibit 60. Standard Days Method Quantities and Values Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 2020–22

Country	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Percentage Change (Quantity) FY 2021–22 (%)	FY 2020 (\$)	FY 2021 (\$)	FY 2022 (\$)	Percentage Change (Value) FY 2021–22 (%)
Africa		Quantity			Value			
Benin	10,000	0	0	-	18,924	0	0	-
Burkina Faso	0	3,000	0	-100%	0	9,068	0	-100%
Burundi	90,000	0	0	-	146,025	0	0	-
DRC	119,000	0	128,500	-	211,606	0	239,841	-
Ethiopia	17,500	0	0	-	36,826	0	0	-
Liberia	3,250	0	0	-	9,959	0	0	-
Madagascar	38,000	0	0	-	75,965	0	0	-
Mali	0	2,000	10,000	400%	0	5,892	28,985	392%
Togo	0	1,500	0	-100%	0	8,338	0	-100%
Uganda	0	0	28,750	-	0	0	76,178	-
<b>TOTAL WORLDWIDE</b>	<b>277,750</b>	<b>6,500</b>	<b>167,250</b>	<b>2,473%</b>	<b>\$499,304</b>	<b>\$23,298</b>	<b>\$345,003</b>	<b>1,381%</b>

\* FY 2013–17 are historical shipped shipment data and FY 2018–22 are delivered shipment data.

# Summary

Overall, the total delivered value for contraceptives and condoms increased from \$39 million in FY 2021 to \$53.6 million in FY 2022. This represents an increase of 37 percent.

After substantial decreases in delivered value in FY 2016 and FY 2017, delivered value has alternately increased and decreased each year since FY 2018.

## Regions:

The delivered value to Africa increased by 54 percent. The delivered value to Asia and LAC decreased by 46 percent and 27 percent, respectively.

Most deliveries went to Africa (at 93 percent), an even higher percentage than in previous years. Twenty-one African countries received deliveries, up from 17 last year. Uganda, Mozambique, and Tanzania received the largest value of shipments.

Asia received 5 percent of the delivered value, while LAC received 2 percent. Two Asian countries, Afghanistan, and Bangladesh, received deliveries, along with Haiti in LAC.

## Methods:

Injectable contraceptives and contraceptive implants continue to account for the highest delivered value combined. Together, they made up 75 percent of the delivered value globally. They were delivered to the majority of countries that received commodities from USAID.

Two kinds of implants, one-rod and two-rod were available in FY 2022. The one-rod implant made up a growing share of the market: over 60 percent of implants in FY 2022.

Three kinds of injectable products were delivered. MPA-IM was still the most frequently delivered, followed by the MPA-SC product which is increasing in the share of the injectables delivered. The third

formulation, Net-EN, was only delivered to one country; it is an older formulation and not expected to increase its share of deliveries.

Oral contraceptives continued to be the third most delivered method in terms of value. Four kinds of oral contraceptives were delivered: COCs with iron placebo and with non-iron placebo, progestin-only pills, and emergency contraceptive pills (also progestin-only).

For the first time, a hormone-bearing IUD was delivered. While the quantities were small (IUDs represented less than one percent of the value of commodities delivered), this marked an important step in expanding contraceptive options.

The remaining methods: male condoms, female condoms, IUDs, and Standard Days Method together accounted for seven percent of the global delivered value. Only three countries received Standard Days Method, six received IUDs, six received female condoms, and eleven received FP male condoms.

## Programs:

Government programs received the majority of worldwide contraceptives and FP/RH condoms delivered value in FY 2022.

- In Africa, 77 percent of delivered value went to government programs.
- In LAC, all deliveries went to government programs.

SMOs received the remaining 27 percent of delivered value worldwide.

- In Africa, 23 percent of delivered value went to SMOs.
- In Asia, all deliveries went to SMOs.

No NGOs received contraceptive commodities from USAID in FY 2022.

For detailed information on deliveries, please see the Annexes in the following pages.

## Annex A. Worldwide Contraceptives and FP/RH Condoms Delivered by Region and Method, FY 2022

Method	Africa		Asia		LAC		Total	
	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity	Value	Quantity
Injectable Contraceptives: MPA-IM	\$11,613,566	13,238,900	\$2,235,110	3,705,600	\$701,720	834,500	\$14,550,396	17,779,000
Injectable Contraceptives: MPA-SC	\$7,354,814	7,895,600	\$46,403	43,000	0	0	\$7,401,217	7,938,600
Injectable Contraceptives: Net-EN	\$180,785	119,900	0	0	0	0	\$180,785	119,900
Contraceptive Implants: 1 rod	\$10,926,667	1,218,816	0	0	0	0	\$10,926,667	1,218,816
Contraceptive Implants: 2 rod	\$6,847,169	724,100	\$54,018	6,000	\$144,688	19,500	\$7,045,875	749,600
Oral Contraceptives: Combined w/iron placebo	\$5,633,214	14,146,704	0	0	0	0	\$5,633,214	14,146,704
Oral Contraceptives: Combined w/non-iron placebo	\$2,357,702	7,432,272	0	0	\$256,990	648,000	\$2,614,692	8,080,272
Oral Contraceptives: Emergency	\$189,753	374,400	0	0	0	0	\$189,753	374,400
Oral Contraceptives: Progestin-only	\$1,243,446	2,846,160	0	0	0	0	\$1,243,446	2,846,160
Male Condoms	\$2,230,516	55,544,400	\$466,915	9,999,000	0	0	\$2,697,431	65,543,400
Female Condoms	\$525,185	863,220	0	0	0	0	\$525,185	863,220
Intrauterine Devices: Copper-bearing	\$258,455	333,600	0	0	0	0	\$258,455	333,600
Intrauterine Devices: Levonorgestrel-releasing	\$6,867	630	0	0	0	0	\$6,867	630
Standard Days Method	\$345,003	167,250	0	0	0	0	\$345,003	167,250
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>\$49,713,143</b>		<b>\$2,802,445</b>		<b>\$1,103,398</b>		<b>\$53,618,986</b>	

## Annex B. Value of Contraceptives and FP/RH Condoms Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 22

Country	Injectable Contraceptives	Contraceptive Implants	Oral Contraceptives	Male Condoms	Female Condoms	IUDs	Standard Days Method
Afghanistan	0	0	0	\$466,915	0	0	0
Angola	\$191,430	\$210,153	\$323,465	0	0	\$20,407	0
Bangladesh	\$2,281,513	\$54,018	0	0	0	0	0
Benin	\$180,785	\$498,540	0	\$205,298	0	0	0
Burkina Faso	0	\$368,413	\$3,868	\$148,849	\$65,709	0	0
Burundi	\$516,149	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cote d'Ivoire	\$129,698	\$94,674	\$8,279	0	0	0	0
DRC	\$291,025	\$945,653	\$368,598	\$22,361	\$215,940	\$38,742	\$239,841
Ghana	\$714,465	0	\$3,820,688	\$142,150	0	0	0
Haiti	\$701,720	\$144,688	\$256,990	0	0	0	0
Kenya	0	\$2,829,112	0	0	0	0	0
Liberia	\$72,641	0	\$96,007	0	0	0	0
Madagascar	\$2,532,361	\$211,306	\$692,348	\$215,583	0	0	0
Malawi	\$1,307,378	\$490,712	\$692,455	0	0	0	0
Mali	\$1,066,409	\$504,479	\$186,624	\$285,312	\$4,103	\$4,339	\$28,985
Mozambique	\$2,963,076	\$2,794,910	\$493,045	0	0	\$116,817	0
Niger	\$599,619	\$89,679	0	0	\$7,701	0	0
Nigeria	0	\$931,933	0	0	0	0	0
Rwanda	\$736,030	\$1,298,785	\$230,408	\$397,009	0	\$6,867	0
Senegal	\$243,041	\$748,654	\$801,985	\$492,772	\$60,015	0	0
Tanzania	\$2,015,655	\$1,680,087	\$1,446,592	0	0	\$78,151	0
Togo	\$437,097	\$210,153	0	\$203,764	0	0	0
Uganda	\$4,415,528	\$4,076,746	0	0	\$171,718	0	\$76,178
Zambia	\$736,778	0	\$259,756	\$117,419	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$22,132,398</b>	<b>\$17,972,542</b>	<b>\$9,681,105</b>	<b>\$2,697,431</b>	<b>\$525,185</b>	<b>\$265,322</b>	<b>\$345,003</b>

## Annex C. Quantity of Contraceptives and FP/RH Condoms Delivered Worldwide by Country, FY 22

Country	Injectable Contraceptives	Contraceptive Implants	Oral Contraceptives	Male Condoms	Female Condoms	IUDs	Standard Days Method
Afghanistan	0	0	0	9,999,000	0	0	0
Angola	210,000	22,900	1,069,632	0	0	25,200	0
Bangladesh	3,748,600	6,000	0	0	0	0	0
Benin	119,900	54,200	0	7,002,000	0	0	0
Burkina Faso	0	41,400	2,880	3,090,000	101,000	0	0
Burundi	566,000	0			0	0	0
Cote d'Ivoire	140,000	10,300	17,280	0	0	0	0
DRC	265,800	97,632	518,652	576,000	380,000	29,400	128,500
Ghana	766,800	0	8,515,440	2,448,000	0	0	0
Haiti	834,500	19,500	648,000	0	0	0	0
Kenya	0	320,184	0	0	0	0	0
Liberia	73,000	0	234,000	0	0	0	0
Madagascar	2,864,500	23,544	1,625,040	4,838,400	0	0	0
Malawi	1,396,000	53,864	2,325,924	0	0	0	0
Mali	1,169,000	54,500	419,760	7,698,000	3,000	3,000	10,000
Mozambique	3,252,400	282,100	1,296,720	0	0	139,800	0
Niger	643,600	10,000	0	0	6,000	0	0
Nigeria	0	98,784	0	0	0	0	0
Rwanda	858,500	141,396	586,800	10,212,000	0	630	0
Senegal	262,600	83,448	1,756,080	12,930,000	95,000	0	0
Tanzania	2,381,500	190,008	5,791,248	0	0	136,200	0
Togo	468,000	0	0	3,750,000	0	0	0
Uganda	4,958,300	458,656	0	0	278,220	0	28,750
Zambia	858,500	0	640,080	3,000,000	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>25,837,500</b>	<b>1,968,416</b>	<b>25,447,536</b>	<b>65,543,400</b>	<b>863,220</b>	<b>334,230</b>	<b>167,250</b>

## Annex D. Value of Contraceptive and Condom Shipments by Program Type, by Region, FY 2022

Region	Government	SMO	Total
Africa	\$38,127,944	\$11,585,199	\$49,713,143
Asia	0	\$2,802,445	\$2,802,445
LAC	\$1,103,398	0	\$1,103,398
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$39,231,342</b>	<b>\$14,387,644</b>	<b>\$53,618,986</b>